

Lûx'ur-y (lûk'shÿ-rÿ), *n.*
Excess in eating, or dress,
&c. — **SYN.** Voluptuous-
ness; effeminacy; sensual-
ity; delicacy.
Ly-cæ'um, *n.* An association
for literary improvement; or
the place where it meets; a
seminary.

Lÿe, *n.* A solution of alkaline
salt.
Lÿmph, *n.* A certain color-
less animal fluid.
Lÿmphât'ic, *a.* Pertaining
to lymph. — *n.* A vein-like
vessel, in vertebrate ani-
mals, containing a trans-
parent fluid.

Lÿnx, *n.* A wild animal,
much like a cat.
Lÿre, *n.* A stringed
instrument of mu-
sic.
Lÿric, } *a.* Per-
Lÿric-al, } taining to
a lyre. — *n.* A
song.



M.

MAC-AD'AM-IZE, *v. t.*
To form or cover, as a
road, with small, broken
stones.

Mæc'a-rô'nî, *n.* A food made
of paste; a fop; an exqui-
site.

Mæc'a-rôn'ic, *n.* Relating to,
or like, a macaroni.

Mæc'ea-boy, *n.* Rose-fla-
vored snuff.

Ma-caw', *n.* A
bird allied to the
parrots.



Ma-cçe, *n.* An en-
sign of authori-
ty; a kind of
spice.

Macaw.

Mæc'er-âte, *v. t.* To make
lean; to steep till very soft.

Mæc'er-â'tion, *n.* Act of
making lean, or of steeping
till very soft. [to plot.]

Mæch'i-nâte, *v. t.* To plan;

Mæch'i-nâ'tion, *n.* A hos-
tile or treacherous scheme.
— **SYN.** Plot; contrivance;
stratagem; intrigue.

Ma-chine' (-sheen'), *n.* An
engine; a piece of mechan-
ism.

Ma-chîn'er-y, *n.* Works of a
machine; machines collect-
ively. [of machines.]

Ma-chîn'ist, *n.* A constructor
Mack'er-el, *n.* A sea-fish
much used for food.

Mæ'ero-côsm, or **Mæc'ero-
côsm**, *n.* The universe.

Måd, *a.* Disordered; crazy;
enraged; angry.

Måd'am, *n.* A form of ad-
dress to a lady.

Måd'câp, *n.* A rash, hot-
headed fellow. [come bad.]

Måd'den, *v.* To make or be-
Måd'der, *n.* A plant used for
dyeing red.

Måde, *imp. & p. p.* of *Make*.

Ma-dêi'râ (or -dâ'râ), *n.* A
wine made in Madeira.

Måd'house, *n.* A house
where crazy persons are con-
fined.

Måd'ly, *adv.* In a mad way.

Måd'man, *n.* An insa-
neman.

Måd'ness, *n.* State of being
mad; extreme folly.

Ma-dôn'nâ, *n.* The Virgin
Mary or her picture. [corals.]

Måd're-pore, *n.* A genus of

Måd'ri-gal, *n.* An elaborate
vocal composition in parts.

Mag-a-zine' (-zeen'), *n.* A
storehouse; a pamphlet pe-
riodically published.

Mag'got, *n.* A worm from
which a fly is produced.

Mag'got-y, *a.* Full of mag-
gots; whimsical.

Mâ'gi, *n. pl.* Eastern phi-
losophers.

Mâ'gi-an, *n.* An Eastern
philosopher or sage.

Mâ'gi (u), *n.* A dealing with
spirits; enchantment; sor-
cery; witchcraft.

Mâ'gi'e, } *a.* Pertaining to,
Mâ'gi-e-al, } or produced
by, magic.

Ma-gi'cian (-jish'an), *n.* One
skilled in magic.

Mâ'gi's-tê'ri-al, *a.* Lofty;
authoritative; imperious.

Mâ'gi's-tê'ri-al-ly, *adv.* With
the air of a master.

Mâ'gi's-tra-cy, *n.* Office of
a magistrate; a body of
magistrates.

Mâ'gi's-trâte, *n.* One invested
with power as a public civil
officer.

Mâ'gnâ Çhâr'tâ (kâr'-).
The great charter of English
rights.

Mâ'gnâ-nîm'i-ty, *n.* Great-
ness of mind; generosity.

Mag-nân'i-môus, *a.* Great
in mind; of lofty spirit.

Mag-nân'i-môus-ly, *adv.*
Nobly; bravely.

Mâ'gnâte, *n.* A man of note
or distinction.

Mâ'g'net, *n.* The loadstone,
an ore which attracts iron.

Mag-nêt'ic, } *a.* Having

Mag-nêt'ic-al, } the proper-
ties of the magnet; attract-
ive

Mâ'g'net-îsm, *n.* Properties
of the magnet; attraction.

Mâ'g'net-ize, *v. t. or i.* To
give or receive the proper-
ties of the magnet; to in-
fluence or be influenced.

Mag-nif'ic, *a.* Great; noble.

Mag-nif'i-çence, *n.* Grand-
eur.

Mag-nif'i-cent, *a.* Splendid;
grand; imposing.

Mag-nif'i-cent-ly, *adv.* In a
magnificent manner

Mâ'gnî-fi'er (13), *n.* One

who, or that which, magnifies. [*great.*]
Mäg'ni-fy, *v. t.* To make
Mag-nil'o-quence, *n.* High-
 sounding language.
Mag-nil'o-quent, *a.* Bombastic.
Mäg'ni-tüde, *n.* Greatness
 of size or importance. —
SYN. Largeness; bulk.
Mag-nó'li-á, *n.* A tree having
 large, fragrant flowers.
Mäg'pie, *n.* A bird allied to
 the crow.
Ma-hög'a-ny, *n.* A hard wood
 of a reddish-brown color.
Ma-hóm'e-tan. See *Moham-
 medan.*
Mäid, *n.* A young, unmarried
 woman.
Mäid'en, *n.* A young, unmar-
 ried woman; a virgin. — *a.*
 Fresh; pure; virgin.
Mäid'en-häir, *n.* A plant
 having slender stalks.
Mäid'en-ly, *a.* Modest.
Mäid's-érv'ant, *n.* A serv-
 ant-girl.
Mäil, *n.* A coat of steel; armor;
 a bag for conveying
 letters. — *v. t.* (18) To put
 in the mail; to post; to arm.
Mäil'é-coach, *n.* A coach that
 conveys a mail. [*mutillate.*]
Mäim, *v. t.* To disable; to
Mäin, *a.* Chief; principal. —
n. Strength; chief part;
 the ocean; continent.
Mäin'länd, *n.* A continent.
Mäin'ly, *adv.* Chiefly; prin-
 cipally; greatly. [*a vessel.*]
Mäin'mäst, *n.* Chief mast in
Mäin'säil, *n.* Principal sail.
Main-täin', *v. t.* To keep;
 to preserve; to support with
 food; to uphold.
Mäin'te-nance, *n.* Support.
Mäize, *n.* Indian corn.
Ma-jés'tic, *a.* Stately;
Ma-jés'tic-al, *a.* august.
Mäjes'ty, *n.* Exalted dig-
 nity; grandeur; title of a
 king or queen.
Mä'jor, *a.* Greater; elder. —
n. A military officer next
 above a captain.
Mä'jor-dö'mo, *n.* A steward.
Ma-jör'i-ty, *n.* The greater

number; full age; rank of a
 major.
Mäke, *v. t.* [*imp. & p. p.*
MADE.] To create; to pro-
 duce; to form; to compel;
 to cause to be; to gain. —
v. i. To tend; to contribute;
 to increase. — *n.* Form;
 structure. [*or creates.*]
Mäk'er, *n.* One who forms
Mäl'a-ehite, *n.* A beautiful
 ore of copper, usually green.
Mäl'ad-min'is-trä'tion, *n.*
 Bad management of affairs.
Mäl'a-dy, *n.* Sickness; dis-
 ease; bodily ailment.
Mäl'a-pért, *a.* Bold; saucy.
Ma-lä'ri-á, *n.* Noxious ex-
 halation. [*tented.*]
Mäl'eon-tént', *a.* Discon-
Mäle, *a.* Belonging to the
 male sex. — *n.* One of the
 sex that begets young.
Mäl'e-dic'tion, *n.* A curse.
Mäl'e-fäc'tor, *n.* One guilty
 of a crime; a felon; a con-
 vict.
Ma-lév'o-lence, *n.* Ill-will.
Ma-lév'o-lent, *a.* Ill-dis-
 posed.
Mal-fä'sance, *n.* Evil doing.
Mäl'föe, *n.* Unprovoked spite.
Ma-li'cious (-lish'us), *a.* Ill-
 disposed.
Ma-li'cious-ly (-lish'us-
adv. With malice.
Ma-lign' (-lin'), *v. t.* To tra-
 duce; to slander; to vilify.
 — *a.* Malicious.
Ma-lig'nan-cy, *n.* Malice;
 malevolence; virulence
Ma-lig'nant, *a.* Malicious;
 dangerous to life.
Ma-lig'ni-ty, *n.* Extreme or
 virulent enmity; malice.
Mäl'i-son (-zn), *n.* Curse.
Mäl'l (l), *n.* A kind of ham-
 mer. — *v. t.* To beat with
 something heavy.
Mäl'l (mäl), *n.* A public walk.
Mäl'e-a-bil'i-ty, *n.* Suscep-
 tibility of extension by beat-
 ing.
Mäl'e-a-ble, *a.* Capable of
 being extended by beating.
Mäl'let, *n.* A kind of wooden
 hammer.
Mäl'löw, *n.* A plant.

Mäl'm'sey (mäm'zý), *n.* A
 sort of grape and wine.
Mal-präe'tice, *n.* Profession-
 al misconduct of a physi-
 cian.
Mält, *n.* Grain steeped and
 dried for use in brewing. —
v. i. To become malt.
Mal-tréat', *v. t.* To treat ill.
Mal-tréat'ment, *n.* Ill-treat-
 ment; abuse. [*duct.*]
Mäl'ver-sä'tion, *n.* Evil con-
Mäm'mä', *n.* Mother; a
 word used by children.
Mäm'mäl, *n.* An animal
 that suckles its young.
Mäm-mif'er-öus, *a.* Nourish-
 ing by breasts.
Mäm'mil-la-ry, *a.* Belonging
 to the breasts. [*wealth.*]
Mäm'mon, *n.* Riches;
Mäm'moth, *n.* A huge quad-
 ruped now extinct.
Män (21), *n.* The human
 race; an adult male. — *v. t.*
 To furnish with men.
Män'a-éle, *v. t.* To shackle
 the hands of.
Män'a-éles, *n. pl.* Shackles
 for the hands; handcuffs.
Män'äge, *v. t.* To conduct;
 to transact; to husband. —
v. i. To direct affairs.
Män'äge-a-ble (11), *a.* Cap-
 able of being managed.
Män'äge-ment, *n.* Conduct.
Män'a-ger, *n.* A conductor;
 an economist. [*writ.*]
Man-dä'mus, *n.* A kind of
Män'da-rin, *n.* A Chinese
 public officer. [*command.*]
Män'däte, *n.* An official
Män'da-to-ry, *a.* Containing
 a command. [*lower jaw.*]
Män'di-ble, *n.* The jaw or
Män'drel, *n.* A turner's in-
 strument.
Mäne (18), *n.* Long hair on
 the neck of a beast.
Ma-nege' (ma-näzh'), *n.* Art
 of horsemanship. [*souls.*]
Män'és, *n. pl.* Departed
Ma-neü'ver (29), *n.* Evolu-
Ma-neü'ver) tion; strata-
 gem. — *v. t.* To manage
 with address. [*stout.*]
Män'ful, *a.* Bold; brave;
Män'ful-ly, *adv.* Like a man.

Män'ga-nēsc', *n.* A very hard and refractory metal.
Mänge, *n.* The itch on cattle.
Män'gel-wür'zel, *n.* A plant of the beet kind.
Män'ger, *n.* An eating-trough for cattle.
Män'gle, *v. t.* To cut roughly or coarsely; to mutilate; to smooth, as linen.—*n.* A calender for smoothing linen.
Män'go (18), *n.* A pickled muskmelon. [tree].
Män'gröve, *n.* A tropical Män'gy, *a.* Scabby, as a beast.
Män'hööd, *n.* Adult years in MÄ'ni-ä, *n.* Madness. [men. MÄ'ni-äc (5), *n.* A madman.
Ma-ni'ä-e-al, *a.* Raving; mad.
Män'i-fest, *a.* Not concealed, obscure, or difficult.—*SYN.* Clear; plain; obvious.—*v. t.* To make known.—*n.* An invoice of a cargo.
Män'i-fes-tät'ion, *a.* Exhibition; display; revelation.
Män'i-fest-ly, *adv.* Evidently; clearly.
Män'i-fēs'to, *n.* (*pl.* Män'i-fēs'töes, 18.) A public declaration.
Män'i-föld, *a.* Many; diverse.
Män'i-kän, *n.* A dwarf; a model of a man.
MÄ'ni-öc, *n.* The plant from which tapioca is made.
Ma-nip'u-läte, *v. t.* To treat or labor with the hands.
Ma-nip'u-lät'ion, *n.* Manual operation. [race].
Man-kind', *n.* The human
Män'li-ness, *n.* Quality of being manly.
Män'y, *a.* Having the attributes of a man; brave.
Män'nä, *n.* A sweetish secretion from many trees.
Män'ner, *n.* Form; way; mode; air or mien.—*pl.* department.
Män'ner-ism, *n.* Studied uniformity of manner.
Män'ner-ly, *a.* Civil; decent.
Ma-nceuv're (ma-nü'ver) See *Manuever*. [sel].
Män'-of-war', *n.* A war vessel.
Män'or, *n.* A lord's estate in lands.

Ma-nö'ri-al, *a.* Pertaining to a manor.
Mänse, *a.* A parsonage-house; a farm. [ing-house].
Män'sion, *n.* A large dwelling.
Män'slaugh-ter (-slaw-), *n.* The killing of a person in passion, without malice.
Män'tel, *n.* The piece of timber or stone over the fireplace. [worn by women].
Män'te-lët', *n.* A small cloak.
Man-til'ä (18), *n.* A light covering to throw over a lady's dress.
Män'tle, *n.* A loose garment or cloak; a cover.—*v. t.* To cloak; to cover; to suffuse.
Män'tu-ä (*or* män'tu), *n.* A woman's gown.
Män'tua-mäl'er (män'tu-), *n.* A dress-maker.
Män'u-al, *a.* Performed by the hand.—*n.* A small book.
Män'u-fäc'to-ry, *n.* A place where goods are made.
Män'u-fäc'tür, *n.* Any thing made by the hand or by machinery.—*v. t.* To form by the hand or by art into forms convenient for use. [who manufactures].
Män'u-fäc'tür-er, *n.* One
Män'u-mis'sion (-mish'un), *Act* of freeing slaves.
Män'u-mit', *v. t.* To release from slavery.
Ma-nüre', *n.* Any thing that fertilizes land.—*v. t.* To apply fertilizing substances to. [ing done by hand].
Män'u-script, *n.* Any writing.
Ma'ny (men'y), *a.* Numerous.—*n.* A great number.
Mäp, *n.* A delineation of the earth or any part of it.—*v. t.* To draw or delineate.
MÄ'ple, *n.* A certain tree.
Mär (7), *v. t.* To hurt; to impair.
Mär'a-näth'ä, *or* Mär'a-nä'th'ä, *n.* A curse.
Ma-räs'mus, *n.* A wasting of flesh without fever.
Ma-raud', *v. i.* To rove for plunder.
Ma-raud'er, *n.* A plunderer.

Mär'ble, *n.* A kind of calcareous stone, or any thing made of it.—*v. t.* To vein or variegated like marble.
Märch, *n.* The third month of the year; regulated movement of troops; a procession.—*v. i.* To move in military order. [confines].
Märch'es, *n. pl.* Borders;
March'ion-ess (mär'shun-), *n.* The wife of a marquis.
Märe, *n.* Female of the horse.
Mär'gin, *n.* An edge; border.
Mär'gin-al, *a.* Placed in the margin.
Mär'i-göld, *a.* A plant having a yellow flower.
Ma-rine', *a.* Pertaining to the sea.—*n.* A soldier doing duty in a ship; the navy; shipping.
Mär'i-ner, *n.* A seaman; a sailor. [husband].
Mär'i-tal, *a.* Pertaining to a Mär'i-time, *a.* Pertaining to the sea; marine; nautical.
Mär'jo-ram, *n.* A plant.
Märk, *n.* A coin; a token; indication; note.—*v. t.* To draw a mark upon; to write on; to note; to observe.
Märk'et, *n.* A place or time of sale; emporium.—*v. i.* (8) To deal in market.
Märk'et-a-ble, *a.* Fit for market or sale.
Märks'man (21), *n.* A man skillful in shooting.
Märk, *n.* A species of earth.
Mär'y, *a.* Consisting in, like, or abounding with, marl. [two strands].
Mär'line, *n.* A small line of Mär'ma-läde, *n.* A preserve made of quinces, or apples, &c., boiled with sugar.
Mar-mö're-an, *a.* Pertaining to marble. [monkey].
Mär'mo-sët', *n.* A kind of Ma-röön', *n.* A free black on the West India mountains.
Märque (märk), *n.* A license to make reprisal at sea on an enemy. [field-tent].
Mar-quet' (-kē'), *n.* A large Mär'quet-ry (-ket-), *n.* In-laid work of shells, &c.

Mar'quis (-kwis), *n.* A title of nobility.
Mar'quis-ate, *n.* Dignity or lordship of a marquis.
Mar'riage (mār'rij), *n.* State or condition of being married. — SYN. Matrimony.
Mar'riage-a-ble (11), *a.* Of a fit age to be married.
Mār'tōw, *n.* A soft substance in bones; essence of a thing.
Mār'tōw-fāt, *n.* A large, delicious pea.
Mār'try, *v.* To join or be joined in wedlock.
Marsh (18), *n.* Low, wet ground.
Mār'shal, *n.* Chief military commander; a civil officer; one who directs processions; &c. — *v. t.* (8) To arrange in due order.
Marsh'y, *a.* Wet; boggy.
Mār't, *n.* A place of public sale; market; emporium.
Mār'ten, *n.* An animal allied to the weasel; a martin.
Mār'tial, *a.* Warlike; bold.
Mār'tin, *n.* A bird of the swallow kind. [Ciplinarian.
Mār'ti-nēt, *n.* A strict discipline.
Mār'tin-mas (17), *n.* Festival of St. Martin, Nov. 11.
Mār'tin-gal, *n.* A strap to hold down the head of a horse.
Mār'tlet, *n.* A martin.
Mār'tyr, *n.* One who is put to death for the truth. — *v. t.* To make a martyr of; to torment. [of a martyr.
Mār'tyr-dōm, *n.* The death of a martyr.
Mār'tyr-ōl'o-gist, *n.* An historian of martyrs.
Mār'tyr-ōl'o-gy, *n.* History of martyrs.
Mār'vel (8), *v. i.* To be struck with surprise; to wonder. — *n.* A wonder; a prodigy.
Mār'vel-ōus, *a.* Wonderful.
Mās'cu-line, *a.* Male; like a man; not effeminate.
Māsh, *n.* A mixture of things; bran and water. — *v. t.* To bruise into a soft mass; to crush.
Māsk, *n.* A cover for the face. — *v. t.* To disguise.

Māg'lin, *n.* Different sorts of grain mixed.
Mā'son (mā'sn), *n.* An artificer in bricks and stone.
Ma-sōn'ie *a.* Pertaining to masonry.
Mā'son-ry, *n.* Work of a mason; craft of freemasons.
Mās'quer-ade' (-ker-), *n.* A nocturnal assembly of persons in disguise. — *v. i.* To assemble in masks.
Māss (2), *n.* A lump; an assemblage; bulk; a Roman Catholic service.
Mās'sa-cre (-ker, 29), *n.* Promiscuous slaughter. — *v. t.* To kill promiscuously or with cruelty.
Māss'i-ness, } *n.* Bulk;
Māss'ive-ness, } ponderousness.
Māss'ive, } *a.* Bulky; heavy;
Māss'y, } ponderous.
Māst, *n.* An upright pole or timber for sails, &c., in a vessel; nuts; acorns.
Mās'ter, *n.* A ruler; a superior; a proprietor; a teacher; a chief. — *v. t.* To conquer; to subdue.
Mās'ter-kēy (-kē), *n.* A key that opens many locks.
Mās'ter-ly, *a.* Becoming a master; most excellent.
Mās'ter-piēce, *n.* A capital performance.
Mās'ter-y, *n.* Superiority. — SYN. Rule; dominion.
Mās'ti-cāte, *v. t.* To chew.
Mās'ti-cā'tion, *n.* Act of chewing.
Mās'tie, *n.* A resin from a tree.
Mās'tiff, *n.* A large variety of dog. 
Mās'to-don, *n.* Mastiff. An animal resembling the elephant, now extinct.
Māt, *n.* A texture of rushes, husks, straw, &c. — *v. t.* To weave into a mat; to twist together.
Mātch (18), *n.* A contest; an equal; marriage; something to take fire. — *v. t.* To pair; to suit; to marry.

Mātch'less, *a.* Having no equal; peerless; unequalled.
Mātch'lōck, *n.* A musket fired by means of a match.
Māte, *n.* A companion; second officer of a vessel. — *v. t.* To match; to compete with.
Ma-tē'ri-al, *a.* Consisting of matter; bodily; of consequence; weighty. — *n.* Substance of which any thing is made. [of materialists.
Ma-tē'ri-al-ism, *n.* Doctrine
Ma-tē'ri-al-ist, *n.* One who denies the existence of spiritual substances.
Ma-tē'ri-āl'i-ty, *n.* Material existence.
Ma-tē'ri-al-ly, *adv.* In a state of matter; essentially.
Ma-tēr'nal, *a.* Motherly.
Ma-tēr'ni-ty, *n.* Character, or relation, of a mother.
Māth'e-māt'ic, } *a.* Relat-
Māth'e-māt'ic-al, } ing or
according to mathematics.
Māth'e-māt'ic-al-ly, *adv.* By mathematics.
Māth'e-ma-ti'cian (-tish'-an), *n.* One versed in mathematics.
Māth'e-māt'ics, *n. sing.* The science of quantity or of magnitude and number.
Māt'in, *a.* Pertaining to the morning.
Māt'ing, *n. pl.* Morning-worship of service. [vesel.
Māt'rass, *n.* A chemical
Mā'trice, or **Māt'rice**, *n.* A mold for castings. [mold.
Mā'trix, *n.* The womb; a
Māt'ri-cide, *n.* The murder or murderer of a mother.
Ma-trie'u-lāte, *v. t.* To admit to membership, as in a college.
Ma-trie'u-late, *n.* One entered in a college, &c.
Ma-trie'u-lā'tion, *n.* Act of admitting to membership.
Māt'ri-mō'ni-al, *a.* Pertaining to marriage; connubial.
Māt'ri-mo-ny, *n.* Marriage; wedlock; the nuptial state.
Mā'tron, *n.* An elderly woman; a wife; a nurse in a hospital.

- Măt'ron-al**, or **Mă'tron-al**, *a.* Grave; motherly.
- Măt'ron-ly**, *a.* Becoming a wife or matron.
- Măt'ter**, *n.* Substance of which bodies are constituted; pus; subject; affair. — *v. i.* To be of importance.
- Măt'ting**, *n.* A texture of rushes, straw, &c.; materials for mats.
- Măt'tock** (5), *n.* A kind of pick-ax.
- Măt'tress**, *n.* A bed stuffed with hair, husks, or the like.
- Măt'u-răte**, *v.* To ripen.
- Măt'u-ră'tion**, *n.* A ripening.
- Ma-tŭ-re'**, *a.* Ripe; full-grown; well digested. — *v. t.* To bring to perfection; to consider well.
- Ma-tŭ-re'ly**, *adv.* With ripeness; completely.
- Ma-tŭ'ri-ty**, *n.* A mature state; ripeness.
- Măud'lin**, *a.* Fuddled; sickly sentimental.
- Măul**, *n.* A wooden hammer. — *v. t.* To beat and bruise.
- Măund'er**, or **Măund'er**, *v. i.* To mutter; to beg.
- Mău'so-lŭ'm**, *n.* A magnificent tomb or monument.
- Mă'vis**, *n.* The thrortle or song-thrush.
- Măw**, *n.* Stomach of a beast.
- Măw'ish**, *a.* Apt to cause satiety and loathing.
- Măx'il-lar**, } *a.* Pertain-
Măx'il-la-ry, } ing to the jaw.
- Măx'im**, *n.* An established principle; an axiom.
- Măx'i-mum**, *n.* The greatest quantity or value attainable in a given case.
- Măy**, *n.* The fifth month of the year. — *v. aux.* [imp. MIGHT.] To be possible; to be able; to have license.
- Măy'ăy**, *n.* The first day of May.
- Măy'or** (*colloq.* măr), *n.* Chief magistrate of a city or borough.
- Măy'or-al-ty** (*colloq.* măr'al-ty), *n.* Office of a mayor.
- Măy'or-ess** (*colloq.* măr'es), *n.* Wife of a mayor.
- Măz'a-rine'**, *n.* A deep blue color. [black cherry.]
- Măz'ard**, *n.* A kind of small, Măze (18), *n.* A labyrinth; astonishment. — *v. t.* To bewilder.
- Mă'zy**, *a.* Perplexed with turns and windings. [of I. MĒ, *pron.* Objective case]
- Mĕad**, *n.* A liquor composed of honey and water; a meadow. [grass land.]
- Mĕad'ow**, *n.* Low or level
- Mĕa'ger** (29), *a.* Lean;
- Mĕa'gre** } thin; poor.
- Mĕal**, *n.* Grain ground to powder; food taken at once.
- Mĕal'y**, *a.* Resembling meal.
- Mĕan**, *a.* Low; base; average. — *n.* A middle point; place, rate, or degree.
- Mĕang**, *n. pl.* Medium; instrument; income.
- Mĕan**, *v. t.* [imp. & *p. p.* MEANT.] To intend; to design; to have in view; to purpose; to signify.
- Mĕ-ăn'der**, *n.* A winding course. — *v. i.* (8) To run in windings.
- Mĕan'ing**, *n.* Intention; signification. [nity.]
- Mĕan'ly**, *adv.* Without dig-
- Mĕan'ness**, *n.* Lowness; sordidness; baseness.
- Mĕant**, *imp. & p. p. of Mean.*
- Mĕan'time**, } *adv.* In the
- Mĕan'while**, } intervening time. [measles.]
- Mĕa'sly**, *a.* Infected with
- Mĕa'sles** (mĕ's/zl), *n.* An eruptive disease.
- Mĕas'ur-a-ble** (mĕzh'ur-), *a.* Capable of being measured.
- Mĕas'ure** (mĕzh'ur), *n.* That which measures; extent; time in music; limit; degree; meter; means to an end. — *v. t.* To ascertain the extent or quantity of.
- Mĕas'ure-ment**, *n.* Act of measuring; dimensions.
- Mĕat**, *n.* Flesh for food; food in general.
- Mĕe-hăn'ie**, *n.* An artisan.
- Me-chăn'ie**, } *a.* Per-
- Me-chăn'ie-al**, } taining
- to machines; acting by physical power.
- Me-chăn'ie-al-ly**, *adv.* By physical force or power.
- Mĕch'a-ni'cian** (-nĭsh'an), *n.* One skilled in mechanics.
- Me-chăn'ies**, *n. sing.* The science that treats of the laws of motion and force.
- Mĕch'an-ism**, *n.* Structure or parts of a machine.
- Mĕch'an-ist**, *n.* One skilled in machines. [device.]
- Mĕd'al**, *n.* A coin with a
- Mĕd'al-ist** } (8), *n.* One
- Mĕd'al-list** } skilled in medals.
- Me-dăl'ion** (-yun), *n.* A large medal; a circular tablet on which figures are embossed. [to interfere.]
- Mĕd'dle**, *v. i.* To interpose;
- Mĕd'dler**, *n.* A busybody.
- Mĕd'dle-some**, *a.* Apt to meddle. [the middle ages.]
- Mĕ'di-ă'val**, } *a.* Relating to
- Mĕ'di-al**, } *a.* Noting average.
- Mĕ'di-ăte**, *v. i.* To interpose.
- Mĕ'di-ăte**, *a.* Middle.
- Mĕ'di-ăte-ly**, *adv.* By a secondary cause.
- Mĕ'di-ă'tion**, *n.* Agency between parties. — SYN. Interposition; intercession.
- Mĕ'di-ă'tor**, *n.* One who mediates; an intercessor.
- Mĕ'di-a-tŭ'ri-al**, *a.* Belonging to a mediator or to mediation.
- Mĕd'ie-al**, *a.* Pertaining to medicine, or to the art of healing. [ical manner.]
- Mĕd'ie-al-ly**, *adv.* In a med-
- Mĕd'ie-ca-ment**, *n.* A healing application; medicine.
- Mĕd'ie-căte**, *v. t.* To tincture with medicines.
- Me-di'ci-nal**, *a.* Healing; curative. [medicine.]
- Me-di'ci-nal-ly**, *adv.* By
- Mĕd'ic'ine**, *n.* Any thing that cures; a remedy.
- Mĕ'di-ŭe'tri-ty**, *n.* Middle state; moderate degree.
- Mĕd'it-ăte**, *v. t.* To think; to muse; to contemplate.

Méd'i-tā'tion, *n.* Contem-
plation; continued thought.
Méd'i-ta-tive, *a.* Given to
contemplation; thoughtful.
Méd'i-um, *n.* (*pl.* Méd'i-à or
Méd'i-ums, 25.) A means
or instrument.
Méd'lar, *n.* A tree and its
fruit. [miscellany.]
Méd'ley, *n.* A mixture; a
Me-dül'lar, (*a.* Consist-
Méd'ul-la-ry.) ing of mar-
row, or like it. [pense.]
Meed, *n.* A reward; recom-
Meek, *a.* Mild; soft; gentle.
Meer'schaum (-shawm), *n.*
A kind of fine white clay or
a pipe made of it.
Meet, *v. t. or i.* (*imp.* & *p. p.*
MET.) To come together;
to join. — *a.* Fit; suitable.
Meet'ing, *n.* An assembly;
an interview.
Meet'ing-house, *n.* A place
of worship (in England, for
dissenters).
Meet'ly, *adv.* Fitly; duly.
Mél'an-chól'ic, *a.* Melan-
choly.
Mél'an-chol-y, *a.* Dejected;
gloomy. — *n.* Dejection of
spirits; a gloomy state of
mind.
Mél'ior-âte (mél'yor-), *v. t.*
To make better. [ment.]
Mél'ior-â'tion, *n.* Improve-
Mél-lif'lu-ence, *n.* A sweet,
smooth flow.
Mél-lif'lu-ent, } *a.* Sweetly
Mél-lif'lu-ous, } flowing.
Mél'lôw, *a.* Soft with ripe-
ness. — *v. t. or i.* To ripen
to softness. [ripeness.]
Mél'lôw-ness, *n.* Softness;
Me-lô'di-ôus, *a.* Musical;
agreeable to the ear.
Mél'o-drâme, *n.* A sensa-
tional play with songs inter-
mixed. [for effect merely.]
Mél'o-dra-mât'ic, *a.* Done
Mél'o-dy, *n.* An agreeable
succession of single tones.
Mél'on, *n.* A plant, and its
fruit, which is eaten raw.
Mêlt, *v. t. or i.* To dissolve
to become liquid.
Mêm'ber, *n.* A limb of the
body; one of a society.

Mêm'ber-ship, *n.* The state
of being a member.
Mêm'bra-nâ'ceous, *a.* Con-
sisting of membranes.
Mêm'brâne, *n.* A thin tis-
sue, or kind of skin.
Mêm'bra-nôus, *a.* Consist-
ing of a membrane.
Me-mên'to, *n.* (*pl.* Me-
mên'tôes, 18.) That which
reminds; a memorial.
Mêm'oir (mêm'wor or mêm-
mwor), *n.* A written ac-
count or history; a biograp-
hy; a record of investiga-
tions. [remembrance.]
Mêm'o-ra-ble, *a.* Worthy of
Mêm'o-rân'dum, *n.* (*pl.*
-dums, or -dâ.) A note or
record to help the memory.
Me-mô'ri-al, *a.* Preserving
remembrance. — *n.* That
which preserves remem-
brance; statement with pe-
tition.
Me-mô'ri-al-ist, *n.* One who
presents a memorial.
Me-mô'ri-al-ize, *v. t.* To
present a memorial to.
Mêm'o-rize (31), *v. t.* To
cause to be remembered.
Mêm'o-ry, *n.* The faculty
by which ideas are retained
in the mind; recollection;
remembrance.
Mên, *pl.* of Man.
Mên'age, *v. t.* To threaten.
— *n.* A threat.
Men-âg'er-îe (men-âzh'-), *n.*
A collection of animals.
Mênd, *v. t. or i.* To repair;
to correct; to improve.
Men-dâ'ciôus, *a.* Given to
deception; lying; false.
Men-dâc'i-ty, *n.* A habit of
lying; a lie.
Mên'di-ean-gy, } *n.* State of
Men-diç'i-ty, } beggary.
Mên'di-eant, *n.* A beggar. —
A begging; poor.
Mên'ni-al, *a.* Low; servile;
mean. — *n.* A domestic serv-
ant.
Mên'stru-al, *a.* Monthly.
Mên'stru-um, *n.* (*pl.* Mên'-
stru-ums, or Mên'stru-â.)
A dissolving fluid; a solv-
ent.

Mên'su-ra-ble (-shj-), *a.*
Measurable. [measuring.]
Mên'su-râ'tion, *n.* Act of
Mên'tal, *a.* Belonging to the
mind; intellectual.
Mên'tal-ly, *adv.* In mind.
Mên'tion, *n.* Notice; cursory
remark. — *v. t.* To ex-
press; to name.
Me-phit'ic, *a.* Poisonous;
noxious; foul; pestilential.
Me-phit'is, *n.* Noxious ex-
halations.
Mêr'ean-tile, *a.* Pertaining
to merchants or their busi-
ness; commercial.
Mêr'ce-na-ry, *a.* Capable of
being hired; greedy of gain.
— SYN. Venal; selfish;
mean; contracted. — *n.* A
hiring. [in silks.]
Mêr'cer, *n.* One who deals
Mêr'chan-dise, *n.* Goods for
sale; trade. — *v. t.* To trade.
Mêr'chant, *n.* An exporter
or importer of goods; a
trader. [sale.]
Mêr'chant-a-ble, *a.* Fit for
Mêr'chant-man (21), *n.* A
ship employed in trade.
Mêr'ci-ful, *a.* Full of mercy;
compassionate; tender.
Mêr'ci-less (13), *a.* Hard-
hearted; unfeeling.
Mer-eû'ri-al, *a.* Composed
of quicksilver; spirited.
Mêr'eu-ry, *n.* Quicksilver;
one of the planets.
Mêr'cy (19), *n.* Tenderness to-
ward an offender; clemency.
Mêre, *a.* Pure; unmixed.
Mêre'ly, *adv.* Simply; only.
Mêr'e-triç'iôus (-trish'us), *a.*
Lewd; false; gaudy.
Mêrge, *v. t. or i.* To immerse.
Me-rid'i-an, *n.* A great cir-
cle which the sun crosses at
noon; noon. — *a.* Pertain-
ing to the meridian.
Me-rid'i-on-al, *a.* Pertaining
to the meridian.
Me-ri'no (-rê'no), *n.* A varie-
ty of sheep or their wool.
Mêr'it, *n.* Desert; worth. —
v. t. To earn by services; to
deserve. [ing reward.]
Mêr'i-tô'ri-ous, *a.* Deserv-
Mêr'maid, *n.* A fabled sea-

- woman with the tail of a fish instead of legs.
- Mēr'man** (22), *n.* A fabled sea-man. [wirth.]
- Mēr'ri-ly** (13), *adv.* With
- Mēr'ri-ment**, *n.* Gayety with laughter; noisy sport.
- Mēr'ry**, *a.* Gay; jovial; noisy.
- Mēr'ry-Ān'drew**, *n.* A buffoon; a zany. [val.]
- Mēr'ry-māk'ing**, *n.* A festi-
- Mēsh** (18), *n.* A space between threads in a net.
- Mēs-mēr'ic**, *a.* Pertaining to mesmerism.
- Mēs'mer-izm**, *n.* Art of inducing a certain abnormal state of the nervous system.
- Mēs'mer-ize**, *v. t.* To bring into a mesmeric sleep.
- Mēs**, *n.* A dish of food; persons who eat together. — *v. i.* To join in a mess.
- Mēs'sage**, *n.* Notice sent; official communication.
- Mēs'sen-ger**, *n.* One who bears a message.
- Mēs-si'ah**, *n.* The Anointed; CHRIST.
- Mēs'suage** (mēs'sweĵ), *n.* A house and adjoining land.
- Met**, *imp.* & *p. p.* of *Meet*.
- Mēt'al** (mēt'al or mēt'ī), *n.* A simple, fixed, opaque substance, fusible by heat, as iron, gold, &c.
- Me-tāl'ic**, *a.* Relating to, or partaking of the properties of, metals. [ducing metals.]
- Mēt'al-lif'er-ōus**, *a.* Pro-
- Mēt'al-line** (7), *a.* Like metal.
- Mēt'al-lūr'gy** (7), *n.* Art of working metals, or of obtaining them from their ores.
- Mēt'a-mōr'phōse**, *v. t.* To transform.
- Mēt'a-mōr'phō-sis**, *n.* (*pl.* Mēt'a-mōr'phō-sēs.) A change of form.
- Mēt'a-phor**, *n.* A short similitude; a trope.
- Mēt'a-phōr'ic-al**, *a.* Containing a metaphor; figurative.
- Mēt'a-phōr'ic-al-ly**, *adv.* By a figure; not literally.
- Mēt'a-phŷ's'ic-al**, *a.* Pertaining or according to metaphysics; abstract.
- Mēt'a-phŷ-si'cian** (-zish'-an), *n.* One versed in metaphysics.
- Mēt'a-phŷ's'ic's**, *n. sing.* Science of mental phenomena.
- Mēte**, *v. t.* To measure. — *n.* Measure; limit; boundary.
- Mē'te-ry**, *n.* A luminous body passing in the air.
- Mē'te-ōr'ic**, *a.* Pertaining to, or proceeding from, meteors; influenced by the weather.
- Mē'te-ōr'o-lite**, *n.* A meteoric stone.
- Mē'te-or-ite**, *n.* Meteoric stone.
- Mē'te-ōr'o-lōg'ic-al**, *a.* Pertaining to meteorology.
- Mē'te-or-ōl'o-gist**, *n.* One skilled in meteorology.
- Mē'te-or-ōl'o-gy**, *n.* The science of the atmosphere and its phenomena.
- Mē'ter** (29), *n.* Rhythm; Mē'tre } verse; measure.
- Me-thēg'lin**, *n.* A liquor made of honey and water.
- Me-thinks'**, *v. imp.* It seems to me; I think.
- Mēth'od**, *n.* Orderly arrangement; way of doing things. — *SYN.* Mode; manner.
- Me-thōd'ic**, { *a.* Ranged or
- Me-thōd'ic-al**, } proceeding in order.
- Me-thōd'ic-al-ly**, *adv.* In due or methodical order.
- Mēth'od-izm**, *n.* Doctrines and worship of Methodists.
- Mēth'od-ist**, *n.* One of a sect of Christians founded by John Wesley.
- Mēth'od-ize**, *v. t.* To reduce to method.
- Me-tōn'o-my**, or **Mēt'o-nŷm'y**, *n.* A figure of speech in which one word is put for another. [meter.]
- Mēt'rie-al**, *a.* Pertaining to
- Me-trōp'o-lis**, *n.* The mother city or chief city.
- Mēt'ro-pōl'i-tan**, *a.* Pertaining to the chief city. — *n.* An archbishop. [ardor.]
- Mēt'tle**, *n.* Courage; spirit;
- Mēt'tle-sōme**, *a.* Spirited.
- Mew**, *n.* A cage or coop. — *v. t.* To confine in a cage.
- Mewl**, *v. i.* To cry as a child.
- Mēz'zo-tin'to** (mēz'zo- or
- mēz'zo-), *n.* A kind of engraving on copper.
- Mi'asm**, *n.* Same as *Miasma*.
- Mi-ās'mā**, *n.* (*pl.* Mī-ās'mā-tā.) Noxious effluvia.
- Mi'cā**, *n.* A mineral separable into thin, transparent plates.
- Mi-cā'ceōūs**, *a.* Pertaining to mica.
- Miçe**, *n. pl.* of *Mouse*.
- Miçh'ael-mas** (-el-), *n.* The feast of St. Michael, celebrated September 29th.
- Mi'ero-cōsm**, *n.* A little world; man.
- Mi'ero-scōpe**, *n.* An optical instrument for magnifying very small objects.
- Mi'ero-scōp'ic**, { *a.* Very
- Mi'ero-scōp'ic-al**, } small.
- Mi'd**, *a.* Middle; intervening.
- Mi'd'day**, *n.* Noon.
- Mi'd'dle**, *a.* Equally distant from the ends; intermediate. — *n.* The point equally remote from the extremes.
- Mi'd'ding**, *a.* Of a middle rank; of moderate capacity.
- Mi'dge**, *n.* A kind of fly.
- Mi'd'land**, *a.* Surrounded by the land.
- Mi'd'night** (-nit), *n.* Twelve o'clock at night.
- Mi'd'riff**, *n.* The diaphragm.
- Mi'd'ship-man** (21), *n.* A naval cadet or young officer.
- Mi'd'th**, *n.* The middle.
- Mi'd'stūm-mer**, *n.* The middle of summer.
- Mi'd'wāy**, *n.* The middle.
- Mi'd'wife** (20), *n.* A woman who assists other women in childbirth.
- Mi'd'wife-ry**, or **Mi'd'wife-ry**, *n.* Assistance in childbirth; obstetrics.
- Miēn**, *n.* Look; air; manner.
- Miff**, *n.* Slight resentment.
- Might** (mit), *imp.* of *May*. — *n.* Power; strength of body; force; ability; capacity.
- Might'ly** (mit'-, 13), *adv.* Powerfully.
- Might'i-ness** (mit'-), *n.* Power; a title of dignity.
- Might'y** (mit'y), *a.* Powerful; strong; vigorous.

Mign'on-étte' (mín'yón-), *n.*
A fragrant plant and flower.
Mí'gráde, *v. t.* To remove to another place or climate.
Mí-grát'ion, *n.* Act of migrating. [migrate].
Mí'gra-to-ry, *a.* Disposed to Milch, *a.* Giving milk.
Míld, *a.* Gentle; calm; soft; meek; placid; bland.
Míldew, *n.* Fungous spots on cloth or paper. — *v. t.* or *i.* To taint with mildew.
Míld'ly, *adv.* Gently; softly.
Míld'ness, *n.* Quality of being mild; gentleness; meekness.
Míle, *n.* A linear measure of 320 rods, 1760 yards, or 5280 feet. [by the mile].
Míle'age, *n.* Fees for travel
Míli'tant, *a.* Engaged in warfare; fighting.
Míli'ta-ry, *a.* Pertaining to soldiers or to war; martial. — *n.* Soldiers; an army.
Míli'táte, *v. i.* To be opposed; to contend.
Mí-lít'á (-lích'á), *n.* National enrolled military force.
Mílk, *n.* A white liquor drawn from the female of certain animals; the white juice of certain plants. — *v. t.* To draw milk from.
Mílk'i-ness, *n.* Qualities like milk; softness.
Mílk'má'id, *n.* A woman employed in a dairy.
Mílk'mán (21), *n.* A man who carries milk to market.
Mílk'y, *a.* Made of, or like, milk.
Mílk'y-wá'y, *n.* A luminous zone in the heavens; galaxy.
Míll (1), *n.* A machine for grinding, &c.; the tenth of a cent. — *v. t.* To grind; to stamp, as coin; to full.
Míll-dám, *n.* A dam to keep water for a mill.
Míll'e-ná'ri-an, *n.* One who believes in the millennium.
Míll'én'ni-al, *a.* Pertaining to the millennium.
Míll'én'ni-um, *n.* The thousand years of Christ's expected reign on earth. [mill].
Míll'er, *n.* One who attends a

Míll'et, *n.* A plant and its grain; a kind of grass.
Míll'i-ner, *n.* One who makes or sells ladies' caps, head-dresses, &c. [by milliners].
Míll'i-ner-y, *n.* Articles sold
Míll'ion (míll'yún), *n.* Ten thousand thousand.
Míll'ion-áire', *n.* One worth a million or more.
Míll'r-áce, *n.* A canal to convey water to a mill-wheel.
Míll's-tóne, *n.* A stone for grinding grain.
Míll, *n.* The spleen; spermatocytic part of the male fish.
Míme, *n.* A kind of farce, or an actor in it.
Mími'c, *n.* One who imitates. — *v. t.* (6) To imitate for sport; to ape.
Mími'c, (*a.* Acting the Mim'ic-al,) mimie; imitative. [mimics].
Mími'ck-er, *n.* One who Mim'ic-ry, *n.* Ludicrous imitation for sport.
Míni'a-ret, *n.* A tall, slender turret on Mohammedan mosques.
Mínce, *v. t.* or *i.* To chop into small pieces; to speak with affected nicety.
Mínd, *n.* The intelligent power in man; understanding; soul; purpose; opinion. — *v. t.* To heed; to regard. — *v. i.* To be inclined or disposed. [inclined].
Mínd'ed, *a.* Disposed; in-Mínd'ful (17), *a.* Regardful; attentive; observant.
Míne, *a.* Belonging to me. — *n.* A pit where minerals are dug; an excavation. — *v.* To dig; to sap. [mines].
Míner, *n.* One who digs
Míner'al, *n.* A substance not organic, existing on or in the earth. — *a.* Pertaining to minerals.
Míner'al-ize, *v. t.* To combine with a metal in forming an ore; to seek minerals. [versed in minerals].
Míner-ál'o-gíst, *n.* One
Míner-al-óg'ic-al, *a.* Pertaining to mineralogy.

Míner-ál'o-gy, *n.* Science of minerals. [blend].
Míng'le, *v.* To mix; to
Míni'a-túre (mín'i-at-yúr or mín'i-t-yúr), *n.* A small, painted likeness.
Míni'm, *n.* A note in music; a drop.
Míni'mum, *n.* (*pl.* Míni'má.) The least quantity assignable in a given case.
Míni'ion (mín'yún), *n.* A favorite; a small kind of type, like this —
Míni'ion type.
Míni's-ter, *n.* A servant, an agent; an ambassador; a pastor. — *v. t.* To give; to communicate; to supply.
Míni's-té'ri-al, *a.* Pertaining to a minister; done under authority; sacerdotal.
Míni's-trá'tion, *n.* Office of a minister; service.
Míni's-try, *n.* Office; service; agency; ecclesiastical function; ministers of state.
Mínk, *n.* An animal of the weasel kind. [water fish].
Míni'nów, *n.* A small fresh-Míni'or, *a.* Less; smaller. — *n.* A person under the age of twenty-one.
Mí-nór'i-ty, *n.* State of being a minor, or under age; the smaller number.
Míni'o-taur, *n.* A fabled monster, half man, half bull.
Míni's-ter, *n.* Church of a monastery; a cathedral church.
Míni's-trel, *n.* A singer and player on an instrument.
Míni's-trel-sy, *n.* A company of minstrels.
Mínt, *n.* A place where money is coined. — *v. t.* To coin, as money.
Míni'u-end, *n.* A number from which another is to be subtracted. [ful dance].
Míni'u-et, *n.* A slow, graceful
Míni'us, *n.* An algebraic term denoting subtraction.
Míni'ute (mín'it), *n.* The sixtieth part of an hour; short note or sketch. — *v. t.* To set down in short notes.

Mi-nûte', *a.* Very small; of little consequence.
Mi-nûte-gûn (mîn'it-), *n.* A gun fired every minute.
Mi-nûte'ly, *adv.* In a minute manner. [girl.]
Mînx (18), *n.* A pert, wanton
Mîr'a-ele, *n.* A wonder or wonderful thing; a supernatural event.
Mi-râc'u-lous, *a.* Supernatural; wonderful.
Mîre, *n.* Soft, wet earth; mud. — *v. t.* To plunge and fix in mud.
Mîr'ror, *n.* A looking-glass. — *v. t.* To reflect, as in a looking-glass.
Mîrth, *n.* Noisy gaiety. — *SYN.* Festivity; glee; fun; hilarity; merriment; jollity.
Mîrth'ful, *a.* Merry; gay.
Mîr'y, *a.* Full of mirth.
Mis'an-thrôpe, } *n.* A
Mis-ân'thro-pist, } hater of mankind.
Mis'an-thrô'pic, } *a.* Hat-
Mis'an-thrô'pic-al, } ing, or having a dislike to, mankind.
Mis-ân'thro-py, *n.* Hatred or dislike of mankind.
Mis-âp'pli-câ'tion, *n.* Wrong application. [wrongly.]
Mis-ap'ply', *v. t.* To apply
Mis-âp'pre'hend', *v. t.* To misunderstand. [mistake.]
Mis-âp'pre'hén'sion, *n.* A
Mis'be-côme', *v. t.* To suit ill. [have improperly.]
Mis'be-hâve', *v. i. t.* To be
Mis'be-hâv'ior, *n.* Improper behavior; ill-conduct.
Mis'be-liêve', *v. t.* To believe erroneously.
Mis'be-liêf', *n.* False belief.
Mis-câl'cu-lâ'te, *v. t.* To calculate wrongly.
Mis-câl'cu-lâ'tion, *n.* Wrong calculation. [wrong name]
Mis-call', *v. t.* To call by a
Mis-câr'riage (-rij), *n.* Failure; abortion.
Mis-câr'ry, *v. i. t.* To fall of success; to have an abortion.
Mis'cel-lâ'ne-ôus, *a.* Mixed; consisting of various kinds.

Mis'cel-la-ny, *n.* A collection of writings; a mixture.
Mis-chânce', *n.* Misfortune.
Mis'chief, *n.* Evil, whether intended or not; harm.
Mis'chief-ôus, *a.* Injurious.
Mis-chôoge', *v. t.* To choose wrongly. [erroneously]
Mis-cite', *v. t.* To quote
Mis'con-cêive', *v. t.* To have a wrong notion of.
Mis'con-cêp'tion, *n.* Wrong conception. [havior.]
Mis-con'duct, *n.* Bad behavior.
Mis'con-dûct', *v.* To conduct amiss. [conjecture.]
Mis'con-jêct'ûre, *n.* A wrong
Mis'con-strûe'tion, *n.* Wrong construction or interpretation.
Mis-con'strûe, *v. t.* To interpret wrong.
Mis-count', *v. t.* To mistake in counting.
Mis'cre-ant, *n.* A vile wretch.
Mis-dâte', *v. t.* To date erroneously. [offense.]
Mis-deed', *n.* An evil action;
Mis-deem', *v. t.* To judge amiss. [have ill.]
Mis'de-mêan', *v. i. t.* To behave
Mis'de-mêan'or, *n.* Ill-behavior; evil conduct.
Mis'di-rêct', *v. t.* To direct to a wrong person or place.
Mis-dô'ing, *n.* A wrong done.
Mis'em-ploy', *v. t.* To use to a wrong purpose.
Mis'em-ploy'ment, *n.* Improper application.
Mî'ser, *n.* One covetous to excess; a niggard.
Mis'er-a-ble, *a.* Wretched; unhappy; worthless. [ly.]
Mis'er-a-bly, *adv.* Wretchedly.
Mî'ser-ly, *a.* Very covetous.
Mis'er-y, *n.* Wretchedness; distress; calamity.
Mis-ôrt'ûne, *n.* Calamity.
Mis-gîve', *v. t.* To fill with doubt; to give amiss.
Mis-gîv'ing, *n.* A weakening of confidence; distrust.
Mis-gôv'ern, *v. t.* To govern amiss. [administration.]
Mis-gôv'ern-ment, *n.* Bad
Mis-guid'ance, *n.* Wrong direction; guidance into error.

Mis-guide', *v. t.* To mislead.
Mis-hâp', *n.* Ill chance or accident; misfortune.
Mis'im-prove', *v. t.* To abuse; to misuse.
Mis'in-fôrm', *v. t.* To give erroneous information to.
Mis-in'for-mâ'tion, *n.* Wrong information.
Mis'in-têr'pret, *v. t.* To explain erroneously.
Mis'in-têr'pret-â'tion, *n.* Interpreting erroneously.
Mis-jûdge', *v. t.* To judge amiss.
Mis-lây', *v. t.* To lay in a wrong place; to lose.
Mis-lêad', *v. t.* To lead into error; to delude.
Mis'le (miz'l), *v. i.* To rain in minute drops.
Mis-lêd', *imp.* of *Mislead*.
Mis-mân'age, *v. t. or i.* To manage ill.
Mis-mân'age-ment, *n.* Bad management. [unsuitably.]
Mis-mâ'tch', *v. t.* To match
Mis-nâme', *v. t.* To call by a wrong name.
Mis-nô'mer, *n.* A wrong or inapplicable name.
Mis'plâc'e, *v. t.* To put in a wrong place.
Mis-print', *v. t.* To print wrong. — *n.* An error in printing.
Mis'pro-nounce', *v. t.* To pronounce incorrectly.
Mis'pro-nûn'ci-â'tion (-nûn'sh-i), *n.* Improper pronunciation.
Mis'pro-pôrtion, *v. t.* To join without due proportion.
Mis'quo-tâ'tion, *n.* Act of misquoting. [incorrectly.]
Mis-quôte', *v. t.* To quote
Mis're-pôrt', *v. t.* To report erroneously. — *n.* A false or incorrect report.
Mis-rêp're-sênt', *v. t.* To represent falsely.
Mis-rêp're-sent-â'tion, *n.* False account.
Mis-ryle', *n.* Confusion; unjust domination.
Miss (2), *n.* A young woman; loss; want; mistake. — *v. t.* To err; not to hit.

Mis'sal, *n.* The Roman Catholic mass-book.

Mis-shāpe', *v. t.* [*p. p.* or *p. a.* MISSHAPEN.] To shape ill; to give an ill form to.

Mis'sile, *n.* A weapon to be thrown.

Mis'sion (mīsh'un), *n.* Act of sending; duty on which one is sent; persons sent. — SYN. Message; commission; delegation; deputation.

Mis'sion-a-ry, *n.* One sent to spread religion. — *a.* Pertaining to missions.

Mis'sive, *a.* Sent or intended to be sent. — *n.* A message or letter sent. [erroneously.]

Mis-spēll', *v. t.* To spell

Mis-spēnd', *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.* MISSPENT.] To waste or spend ill. [accurately.]

Mis-stāte', *v. t.* To state in-

Mis-stāte'ment, *n.* An in-

Mist, *n.* Rain in very fine drops. — *v. i.* To rain in fine drops.

Mis-tāke', *n.* Unintentional error. — *v. t.* or *i.* To err.

Mis-tāk'en (-tāk'n), *p. p.* or *a.* Misunderstood, — used of things; wrong; being in error, — used of persons.

Mist'i-ness, *n.* State of being misty; obscurity.

Mis'tle (mīz'l). See Mistle.

Mis'tle-tōe } (mīz'l-to), *n.* A Mis'tle-tōe } plant that grows on trees.

Mis-tōok', *imp.* of Mistake.

Mis'trans-lāte', *v. t.* To translate erroneously.

Mis'trans-lā'tion, *n.* Erroneous translation.

Mis'tress, *n.* A woman who governs; a term of address.

Mis-trūst', *n.* Want of confidence; suspicion; doubt. — *v. t.* To regard with suspicion; to doubt.

Mis-trūst'ful, *a.* Suspicious.

Mist'y, *a.* Raining in very fine drops; cloudy with mist.

Mis-ün'der-stānd', *v. t.* To misconceive; to mistake.

Mis-ün'der-stānd'ing, *n.* Misconception; disagreement; slight quarrel.

Mis-üs'āge, *n.* Bad treatment; abuse. [treat ill.]

Mis-üs'e', *v. t.* To abuse; to Mis-üs'e', *n.* Bad use.

Mite, *n.* Something very small; hence, a small insect.

Mi'ter } (29),

Mi'tre } *n.* A bishop's cap or crown.

Mit'i-ga-ble, *a.* Capable of mitigation. } Miter.

Mit'i-gāte, *v. t.* To lessen; to alleviate; to assuage.

Mit'i-gā'tion, *n.* Relief.

Mit'ten, *n.* A cover for the hand, without fingers.

Mix (7), *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.* MIXED.] To unite or blend promiscuously. [mass.]

Mix'ture, *n.* A mingled

Miz'zen (mīz'zn), *a.* Hindmost; nearest the stern.

Miz'zle, *v. t.* See Mistle.

Mne-mōn'ie (ne-), *a.* Assisting the memory.

Mne-mōn'ies (ne-), *n. sing.* The art of memory.

Mōan, *v. i.* or *t.* To mourn; to lament audibly. — *n.* Lamentation.

Mōat, *n.* A ditch round a castle, &c. — *v. t.* To surround with a moat.

Mōb, *n.* A tumultuous or disorderly crowd. — *v. t.* To attack, as a crowd.

Mo-bil'i-ty, *a.* Activity; fickleness; inconstancy.

Mōe'ca-sin, *n.* A shoe of soft leather, without a sole; a poisonous serpent.

Mōek (5), *v. t.* To deride; to ape. — *v. i.* To speak deridingly. — *a.* Counterfeit; false. — *n.* Ridicule; derision. [scorn; ridicule.]

Mōck'er-y, *n.* Derision; Mock'ery, *a.* Relating to mode.

Mōde, *n.* Form; method; fashion; manner of conjugating a verb.

Mōd'el, *n.* Something to be imitated. — SYN. Copy;

pattern. — *v. t.* (8) To plan; to shape.

Mōd'er-āte, *v. t.* To allay; to lessen; to repress. — *v. i.* To become less violent.

Mōd'er-ate, *a.* Not violent or excessive; temperate.

Mōd'er-ate-ly, *adv.* With little violence.

Mōd'er-ā'tion, *n.* State of being moderate. [presides.]

Mōd'er-ā'tor, *n.* One who

Mōd'ern, *a.* Of the present time. [modern.]

Mōd'ern-ize, *v. t.* To make

Mōd'erns, *n. pl.* People of modern times.

Mōd'est, *a.* Diffident; reserved; virtuous.

Mōd'est-y, *n.* Absence of conceit; diffidence; chastity.

Mōd'i-eum, *n.* A small portion.

Mōd'i-fi-cā'tion, *n.* Act of modifying; modified state.

Mōd'i-fi'er (13), *n.* He who, or that which, modifies.

Mōd'i-fy, *v. t.* To change the form of. [of bracket.]

Mo-dill'ion (-yun), *n.* A kind

Mōd'ish, *a.* According to the mode; fashionable.

Mo-diste', *n.* A female artist in dress [inflect as sounds.]

Mōd'u-lāte, *v. t.* To vary or

Mōd'u-lā'tion, *n.* Act of modulating; melody.

Mō'hair, *n.* A stuff of goat's hair.

Mō-hām-med-an, *a.* Pertaining to Mohammed. — *n.* A follower of Mohammed.

Mo'i'e-ty (or maw'e-ty), *n.* Half.

Moil, *v. i.* or *t.* To work with painful effort; to drudge.

Moist, *a.* Damp; wet in a small degree.

Moist'en (mois'n), *v. t.* To make humid, or moist.

Moist'ness, *n.* Dampness.

Moist'ure (moist'yūr), *n.* Slight wetness; dampness.

Mō'lar, *a.* Adapted to grind. — *n.* A double tooth.

Mo-lās'ses, *n. sing.* The sirup which drains from sugar; treacle.

son, or, dō, wōlf, tōō, tōōk; ūrn, rye, pūll; ċ, ġ, sqt; e, ē, hard; u, 2 exist; u as ng; this.

Mold } (32), *n.* Soft, rich
Mould } earth; a form, or
something to regulate the
form. — *v. t.* To shape. —
v. i. To contract mold.

Mold'er, } *n.* One who
Mould'er, } molds, or gives
shape. — *v. i.* To decay;
to perish.

Mold'y, } *a.* Covered with
Mould'y, } mold.

Môle, *n.* A natural spot on
the body; a pier; a mound;
a small burrowing animal.

Mo-lée'u-lar, *a.* Pertaining
to molecules.

Mô'le eule, *n.* A minute or
invisible particle.

Mô'le-hill, *n.* A hillock
raised by a mole.

Mo-lést', *v. t.* To disturb;
to annoy. [*ance.*]

Mô'les-tá'tion, *n.* Annoy-
Mô'li-fi-cá'tion, *n.* A mol-
lifying; mitigation.

Mô'li-fy, *v. t.* To soften; to
assuage; to qualify.

Môlt } (32), *v. i.* To cast or
Môult } shed feathers, skin,
horns, &c.

Môlt'en, *p. a.* Melted.

Mô'ment, *n.* A minute por-
tion of time; importance;
weight. [*moment.*]

Mô'ment-a-ri-ly, *adv.* Every
Mô'ment-a-ry, *a.* Done in,
or lasting for, a moment
only. [*ment.*]

Mô'ment-ly, *adv.* In a mo-
Mo-mén't'ous, *a.* Important.

Mo-mén'tum, *n.* (*pl.* Mo-
mén'tá, or Mo-mén'tums,
25.) Quantity of motion in
a moving body. [*life.*]

Môn'a-chism, *n.* Monastic
Môn'ad, *n.* An ultimate
atom.

Môn'arch, *n.* A supreme
ruler; an emperor, king,
prince, or chief. — *SYN.* Po-
tentate; sovereign.

Mo-ná'reh'ic, } *a.* Per-
Mo-ná'reh'ic-al, } taining
to a monarchy. [*monarchy.*]

Môn'arch-ist, *n.* A friend to
Môn'arch-y, *n.* Government
vested in one man; a king-
dom; an empire.

Môn'as-ter-y (*colloq.* môn'as-
trý), *n.* A house of monks.

Mo-nás'tie, *a.* Pertaining
to monks; secluded.

Mo-nás'ti-cism, *n.* Monas-
tic life

Môn'day, *n.* The day follow-
ing Sunday.

Môn'e-ta-ry, *a.* Relating to
money.

Môn'ey (19), *n.* Coin for cur-
rent use in trade, or a sub-
stitute for it.

Môn'eýed (mún'id), *a.* Pos-
sessed of money; rich.

Môn'grel (múng'grel), *a.* Of
a mixed breed. — *n.* An animal
of a mixed breed.

Mo-ní'tion (-nísh'un), *n.*
Warning; instruction.

Môn'i-tor, *n.* One who warns;
a subordinate instructor.

Môn'i-tó'ri-al, *a.* Pertaining
to a monitor. [*ing.*]

Môn'i-to-ry, *a.* Giving warn-
Môn'i-tress, *n.* A female
monitor. [*monastery.*]

Môn'k, *n.* One who lives in a
Môn'k'er-y, *n.* Monastic life
or practices.

Môn'k'ey (19), *n.* An animal
like the ape or baboon.

Môn'k'ish, *a.* Pertaining to
monks.

Môn'o-dy, *n.* Poetical lament
of a single person.

Mo-nôg'a-mist, *n.* One who
disallows second marriages.

Mo-nôg'a-my, *n.* Marriage
to one wife only.

Môn'o-grám, *n.* A
cipher composed of
letters interwoven. Mono-
gram.

Môn'o-gráph, *n.* A
written account of a single
thing. [*one person.*]

Môn'o-lôgue, *n.* A speech by
Môn'o-má'ni-á, *n.* Derange-
ment with regard to one sub-
ject only.

Môn'o-má'ni-æ, *n.* A per-
son affected by monomania.

Mo-nôp'o-list, } *n.* One
Mo-nôp'o-liz'er, } who mo-
nopolizes.

Mo-nôp'o-lize, *v. t.* To en-
gross the whole of.

Mo-nôp'o-ly, *n.* Sole right of

buying and selling or of
trading.

Môn'o-syl-láb'ic, } *a.* Of
Môn'o-syl-láb'ic-al, } one
syllable only.

Môn'o-syl-la-ble, *n.* A word
of one syllable.

Môn'o-thé'ism, *n.* The belief
in one God only.

Môn'o-tône, *n.* A single un-
varied tone or sound.

Mo-nô'to-nous, *a.* In the
same tone; without variety.

Mo-nô'to-ny, *n.* Uniformity
of tone; want of variety.

Mon-soon', *n.* A periodical
wind in the Indian ocean.

Môn'ster, *n.* Something hor-
rid or unnatural.

Mon-strô's'i-ty, *n.* State of
being monstrous.

Môn'strous, *a.* Abnormal;
enormous; unnatural.

Môn'strous-ly, *adv.* In a
shocking, unnatural man-
ner; enormously.

Môn'th, *n.* Twelfth part of
the year.

Môn'th'ly, *a.* Happening
every month. — *adv.* Once
a month. [*a tomb.*]

Môn'u-ment, *n.* A memorial;
Môn'u-mén't'al, *a.* Pertain-
ing to, or serving as, a mon-
ument; memorial.

Môod, *n.* Temper of mind;
humor; disposition; music-
al style; form of conjuga-
tion of a verb; mode.

Môod'i-ness, *n.* Quality of
being moody.

Môod'y, *a.* Governed by
moods of feeling; ill-hu-
mored; angry; abstracted.

Môon, *n.* A satellite of this
earth, revolving round it.

Môon'tight (lit), } *n.* Light of
Môon'shine, } the moon.

Môn'-'strück, *a.* Affected
by the moon; lunatic.

Môor, *n.* A black man; a
marsh. — *v. t.* To secure, as
a vessel, by means of cables
and anchors.

Môor'ings, *n. pl.* Anchors,
chains, &c., to hold a ship.

Môor'ish, *a.* Marshy; fenny.

Môor'land, *n.* Marshy land.

Moose, *n.* An animal of the deer kind.



Moose.

Moot, *v. t.* To discuss or debate.—*a. Disputable.*

Moot'-case, *n.* A case admitting of dispute.

Mop, *n.* A cloth, or collection of thrums for cleaning floors, &c.—*v. t.* To wipe with a mop.

Mope, *v. i.* To be very dull.—*n.* A stupid person.

Mop'ish, *a.* Dull; spiritless.

Moral, *a.* Pertaining to practice or manners in reference to right and wrong; virtuous; just; probable.—*n.* The precept inculcated by a fable; (*pl.*) conduct; behavior.

Moral-ist (8), *n.* One who teaches morality.

Mo-räl'i-ty, *n.* System or practice of moral duties.

Moral-ize, *v. t. or i.* To discourse on moral subjects; to apply to moral purposes.

Moral-ly, *adv.* Honestly; according to human judgment.

Mor'als, *n. pl.* Practice of the Mo-räss', *n.* A tract of wet, soft ground; a marsh; a fen.

Mor'bid, *a.* Not sound or healthy.—*SYN.* Diseased; sickly; sick. [*state.*]

Mor'bid-ness, *n.* A diseased

Mor'dant, *a.* Serving to fix colors.—*n.* A substance to fix colors in cloth.

Möre, *a.* Greater in quantity or number.—*adv.* To a greater degree.—*n.* Greater quantity or amount.

Mo-reen', *n.* A stout kind of woolen stuff.

Möre-ö'ver (17), *adv.* Further; furthermore; besides.

Mo-résque' (mo-résk'), *a.* Done after the manner of the Moors, as paintings.

Mörn, *n.* The first part

Mörn'ing, *n.* of the day.

Mo-röe'ce, *n.* Leather of goat or sheep-skin dressed.

Mo-röse', *a.* Of a sour temper.—*SYN.* Sullen; surly.

Mo-röse'ly, *adv.* Sullenly.

Mör'ris, *n.* A dance; a game.

Mör'röw, *n.* Next day after the present.

Mörse, *n.* The walrus or sea-horse.

Mör'sel, *n.* A bite; a small piece.

Mör'tal, *a.* Subject to death; deadly; human.—*n.* A human being.

Mor-täl'i-ty, *n.* Subjection to death; number of deaths.

Mör'tal-ly, *adv.* So as to cause death; fatally.

Mör'tar, *n.* A kind of cement for building;



a vessel used for pounding things in; a piece of ordnance for throwing bombs.

Mör'tgäge (mör'ge), *n.* A pledge of real estate.—*v. t.* To pledge for securing a debt.

Mör'tga-ge'e' (mör'-), *n.* One to whom a mortgage is given.

Mör'tga-ger (mör'-), *n.* One who executes a mortgage.

Mör'ti-fi-cä'tion, *n.* Process of corrupting; humiliation.

Mör'ti-fy, *v. t. or t.* To corrupt; to humble.

Mör'tise, *n.* An opening or cut to receive a tenon.—*v. t.* To form with a mortise.



Mör'tmäin, *n.* An inalienable estate.



Mo-sä'ie, *n.* Work variegated by shells and stones of various colors.—*a.* Composed of mosaic; pertaining to Moses.

Mösque (mösk), *n.* A Mohammedan house of worship.

Mos-qui'to (-ke'-), *v. (pl.*

Mos-qui'tos, 18.) A small blood-sucking insect.

Möss (2), *n.* A cellular plant growing on trees, &c. [*moss.*]

Möss'y, *a.* Overgrown with moss.

Möst, *n.* Greatest in number or quantity.—*n.* The

greatest number.—*adv.* In the greatest degree.

Möst'ly, *adv.* For the greatest part. [*title.*]

Möte, *n.* A very small par-

Möth, *n.* A winged insect.

Möth'er (müth'er), *n.* A female parent; a slimy substance in vinegar.

Möth'er-hööd (müth'er-), *n.* The state of a mother.

Möth'er-less, *a.* Destitute of a mother.

Möth'er-ly, *a.* Like a mother; tender; maternal.

Möth'er-wit, *n.* Native wit.

Mö'tion, *n.* Act of changing place; movement; a proposal made.

Mö'tion-less, *a.* Quiescent.

Mö'tive, *a.* Causing to move.—*n.* That which incites to volition or action.—*SYN.* Inducement; reason.

Mö'tley, *a.* Variegated in color; party-colored.

Mö'tor, *n.* A moving power.

Mö't to (18), *n.* A sentence prefixed to an essay, &c.; an inscription.

Möuld, **Möul'der**, &c. *See* Mold, Molder, &c.

Möult. *See* Molt.

Mound, *n.* A raised bank; a bulwark; a rampart.

Mount, *n.* A hill; mountain; heap.—*v. i.* To rise; to soar.—*v. t.* To put on any thing that sustains and fits for use; to ascend.

Mount'ain, *n.* A mass of earth and rock higher than a hill. [*on a mountain.*]

Mount'ain-er', *n.* A dweller

Mount'ain-öüs, *a.* Abounding with mountains; huge.

Mount'e-bänk, *n.* A quack-doctor; a boastful pretender.

Möurn, *v. i. or t.* To grieve; to lament. [*mourns.*]

Möurn'er, *n.* One who

Möurn'ful, *a.* Sorrowful; lamentable. [*row.*]

Möurn'ful-ly, *adv.* With sorrow.

Möurn'ing, *n.* Act of sorrowing; dress of mourners.

Mouse (21), *n.* A small well-known animal.

Mouse, *v. i.* To watch for and catch mice; to be sly.

Mous'er, *n.* A cat that catches mice.

Mouth, *n.* The aperture between the lips, and the cavity within them; an opening, as of a cavern.

Mouth, *v. t. or i.* To utter with a loud, affected voice.

Mouth'ful, *n.* As much as the mouth holds at once.

Mouth'-piece, *n.* Part of an instrument for the mouth; a spokesman.

Mov'a-ble (11), *a.* Capable of being moved.

Mov'a-bleg, *n. pl.* Goods, furniture, &c.

Move, *v. t.* To put in motion; to excite to action or compassion; to propose or recommend. — *v. i.* To change place; to act; to make a proposal. — *n.* Act of moving; movement.

Move'ment (10), *n.* Act of moving; change of place; excitement. — *SYN.* Motion.

Mov'ing, *a.* Changing place; pathetic.

Mow (mou), *n.* A pile of hay in a barn. — *v. t.* To heap up in a barn.

Mōw, *v. t.* [*imp.* MOWED; *p. p.* MOWED, MOWN.] To cut down with a scythe.

Mōwn, *p. p.* of *Mow*.

Mūch, *a.* Great in quantity or amount. — *n.* A great quantity or amount. — *adv.* In a great degree.

Mū'ci-lāge, *n.* A viscous or adhesive substance. [*ropy.*

Mū'ci-lāg'i-nōus, *a.* Slimy; muck, *n.* A mass of moist matter; any thing filthy.

Mū-eōus, *a.* Slimy; viscous.

Mū'eus, *n.* A slimy or viscous animal fluid.

Mūd, *n.* Earth wet, soft, and adhesive; mire. — *v. t.* To make foul with mud.

Mūd'dle, *v. t.* To make muddy or confused.

Mūd'dy (13), *a.* Foul; dirty. — *v. t.* To make foul; to soil; to dirty.

Mūff (1), *n.* A warm fur cover for the hands. [*cake.*

Mūff'in, *n.* A light kind of Mūff'le, *v. t.* To cover close.

Mūff'ier, *n.* A cover for the face, head, or neck.

Mūff'ti (18), *n.* An official expounder of Mohammedan law in Turkey. [*drink from.*

Mūg, *n.* A kind of cup to Mūg'gy, *a.* Moist and close.

Mu-lāt'to, *n.* (*pl.* Mu-lāt'tōes, 18.) The child of a black and a white person.

Mūl'bēr-ry, *n.* A tree and its berry or fruit.

Mūlch, *n.* Half-rotten straw.

Mūlct, *n.* A pecuniary penalty. — *v. t.* To punish by a fine; to fine.

Mūle, *n.* An animal or plant of a mongrel kind. [*mules.*

Mū'let-eer', *n.* A driver of Mūl'ish, *a.* Like a mule; stubborn; perverse.

Mūll (1), *v. t.* To spice and sweeten, as wine.

Mūl'er, *n.* A stone for grinding pigments.

Mūll'ion, *n.* A bar in a window frame. [*great variety.*

Mūl'ti-fā'ri-ōus, *a.* Having Mūl'ti-fōrm, *a.* Having various forms or shapes.

Mūl'ti-fōrm'i-ty, *n.* Diversity of forms. [*many names.*

Mūl'ti-nō'mi-al, *a.* Having Mūl'tip'ar-tite, *a.* Divided into many parts.

Mūl'ti-ped, *n.* An insect with many feet.

Mūl'ti-ple, *n.* A number exactly divisible by another.

Mūl'ti-pli-cānd', *n.* A number to be multiplied.

Mūl'ti-pli-cā'tion, *n.* Act of multiplying. [*variety.*

Mūl'ti-pli'g'i-ty, *n.* A great Mūl'ti-pli'er, *n.* One who, or that which, multiplies.

Mūl'ti-ply, *v.* To increase in numbers. [*number.*

Mūl'ti-tūde, *n.* A great Mūl'ti-tū'di-nōus, *a.* Consisting of a great number.

Mūm, *n.* A sort of strong beer.

Mūm'ble, *v.* To mutter.

Mūm'mer, *n.* A masked buffoon. [*masks; buffonery.*

Mūm'mer-y, *n.* Sport in Mūm'my (19), *n.* A dead human body embalmed.

Mūmp'ish, *a.* Grum; sullen.

Mūmps, *n.* Inflammation of the parotid gland.

Mūnch, *v. t. or i.* To chew continuously upon.

Mūn'dāne, *a.* Belonging to this world.

Mu-ni'g'pal, *a.* Belonging to a city or corporation.

Mu-ni'g'pāl'i-ty, *n.* A district.

Mu-ni'f'i-çence, *n.* Liberality; generosity.

Mu-ni'f'i-çent, *a.* Giving generously. — *SYN.* Liberal; beneficent; bountiful.

Mū'ni-ment, *n.* A fortification; a record or title-deed.

Mu-ni'tion (-nīsh'un), *n.* Materials for war. [*wall.*

Mū'ral, *a.* Pertaining to a Mūr'der, *n.* Act of killing a human being with premeditated malice. — *v. t.* To assassinate; to destroy.

Mūr'der-er, *n.* One who is guilty of murder.

Mūr'der-ōus, *a.* Pertaining to, or guilty of, murder.

Mū'ri-āt'ie, *a.* Obtained from, or having the nature of, sea-salt.

Mūrk'y, *a.* Dark; gloomy.

Mūr'mur, *v. i.* To mutter; to grumble; to purr. — *n.* A low, continued noise; a half-suppressed complaint.

Mū'rāin, *n.* An infectious disease among cattle.

Mūs'cle (mūs'sl), *n.* The fleshy fiber in animals; a certain shell-fish. [*sugar.*

Mūs'eo-vā'do, *n.* Unrefined Mūs'eu-lar, *a.* Relating to the muscles; strong; powerful; brawny.

Mūge (18), *n.* Deep thought; (*pl.*) the nine goddesses presiding over the arts and sciences. — *v. i.* To think deeply.

Mu-sē'um, *n.* A repository or cabinet of curiosities.

Mũsh, *n.* Food made of maize meal. [plant.]
Mũsh'róom, *n.* A fungous
Mũ'sie (5), *n.* Science of harmonic sounds; melody or harmony. [harmonious.]
Mũ'sie-al, *a.* Melodious;
Mũ'sie-al-ly, *adv.* In a musical manner.
Mu-si'cian (-zi'sh'an), *n.* One skilled in music.
Mũs, *n.* An animal, and a strong-scented substance procured from it. — *v. t.* To perfume with musk.
Mũs'ket, *n.* A kind of firearm. [general.]
Mũs'ket-ry, *n.* Muskets in
Mũs'k-mel'on, *n.* A fragrant species of melon.
Mũsk'-õx, *n.* A kind of ox living in the country about Hudson's Bay.
Mũsk'y, *a.* Having the odor of musk. [cloth.]
Mũg'lin, *n.* A fine cotton
Mũs-qui'to. See *Mosquito*.
Mũs'sul-man (21), *n.* A believer in the Koran; a Mohammedan.
Mũst, *v. i.* To be obliged; to be morally fit. — *v. t.* To grow moldy or sour. — *n.* New wine unfermented.
Mũs-tãche', *n. sing.* } Hair
Mũs-tã'ches, *n. pl.* } on the upper lip.
Mũs'tard, *n.* A plant, and a condiment prepared from it.
Mũs'ter, *v. t. or i.* To as-

semble. — *n.* A review of troops; assemblage and display. [iness; sourness.]
Mũs'ti-ness (13), *n.* Mold.
Mũs'ty, *a.* Affected with mold; stale.
Mũ'ta-bil'i-ty, *n.* Changeableness; inconstancy.
Mũ'ta-ble, *a.* Subject, or given to, change; changeable; fickle; inconstant.
Mũ-tã'tion, *n.* Change or process of changing.
Mũte, *a.* Silent; speechless; dumb. — *n.* One who is silent or speechless.
Mũte'ly (10), *adv.* Silently.
Mũte'ness, *n.* Silence.
Mũ'ti-lãte, *v. t.* To cut off, as a limb; to mangle.
Mũ'ti-lã'tion, *n.* Deprivation of an essential part.
Mũ'ti-neer', *n.* One who joins in a mutiny. [disorderly.]
Mũ'ti-noũs, *a.* Seditious;
Mũ'ti-ny, *n.* An insurrection of soldiers or seamen. — *v. i.* To rise against military or naval authority.
Mũ't'er, *v.* To speak low and sullenly, or in complaint; to murmur; to grumble.
Mũ't'on, *n.* Flesh of sheep.
Mũ't'u-al, *a.* Reciprocal; acting in return.
Mũ't'u-ãli'ty, *n.* State of being mutual; reciprocity. [cally.]
Mũ't'u-al-ly, *adv.* Reciprocally.
Mũz'zle, *v. t.* To fasten the

mouth of. — *n.* Mouth and nose of an animal; a fastening for the mouth.
Mũy, *a.* Belonging to me.
Mũy'ri-ad, *n.* The number of 10,000; a large number.
Myr'mi-don (mũr'mi-), *n.* A rough soldier; a ruffian.
Myrrh (mũr), *n.* An insipidated sap in drops.
Myr'tle (mũr'tl), *n.* A shrub of several species. [other.]
Mũ-sel'f, *pron. I*; not an
Mũs-tẽ'ri-õus, *a.* Full of mystery; obscure.
Mũs'ter-y, *n.* A profound secret; an enigma; a trade.
Mũs'tie, *n.* One who professes to have direct intercourse with God.
Mũs'tic, } *a.* Obscure;
Mũs'tic-al, } secret; hidden;
allegorical; emblematical.
Mũs'tic-al-ly, *adv.* With a secret meaning.
Mũs'ti-cism, *n.* Obscurity of doctrine; the doctrines of mystics.
Mũs'ti-fy, *v. t.* To perplex purposely.
Mũth, *n.* A religious fable.
Mũth'ic, *a.* Fabulous.
Mũth'o-lõg'ic, } *a.* Per-
Mũth'o-lõg'ic-al, } taining to mythology.
Mũ-thõl'o-gist, *n.* One versed in mythology.
Mũ-thõl'o-gy, *n.* A system of fabulous doctrines respecting heathen deities.

N.

NãB, *v. t.* To catch suddenly; to seize.
Nã'bob, *n.* A viceroy in India; a very rich man.
Nã'cre (nã'ker, 29), *n.* Mother of pearl.
Nã'dir, *n.* Point directly opposite the zenith.
Nãg, *n.* A small horse.
Nã'iad (nã'yad), *n.* (Eng. *pl.*

Nã'iads; Lat. *pl.* Nã'ia-dẽs or Nã'ia-dẽs.) A water nymph.
Nãil, *n.* A claw; a horny substance on the ends of the fingers; an iron pin; two inches and a quarter. — *v. t.* (8) To fasten with a nail.
Nã'ked, *a.* Having no covering; bare; nude.

Nã'ked-ly, *adv.* Openly; plainly; barrenly.
Nã'ked-ness, *n.* Bareness.
Nãme, *n.* Title; reputation. — *v. t.* To mention by name; to denominate.
Nãme'less (10), *a.* Having no name.
Nãme'ly, *adv.* That is to say.
Nãme'sãke (17), *n.* A person

son, òr, òr, wólf, tób, tóòk; ùrn, rjje, pull; ç, ç, so?; c, ù, hard; a; exist; n as ng; this.