

Āve-Mā'ry, } *n.* A prayer
Āve-Ma-ri'ā, } to the Vir-
 gin Mary. [to oats.
Āve-nā'ceous, *a.* Relating
Ā-venge', *v. t.* To take just
 satisfaction for; to take
 vengeance on.
A-venge'r, *n.* One who
 avenges.
Ā've-nūe (18), *n.* An en-
 trance; passage; shaded al-
 ley in a garden; wide street.
A-vēr', *v. t.* To declare pos-
 itively; to affirm; to assert.
Ā-ver-age, *n.* A mean pro-
 portion; medium. — *a.* Re-
 lating to a mean. — *v. t.* To
 reduce to a mean. — *v. i.* To
 be or form a medial sum or
 quantity. [section.
A-ver'ment, *n.* Positive as-
A-ver'se', *a.* Having a strong
 dislike; disinclined; unwill-
 ing; reluctant.
A-ver'sion, *n.* Hatred; dis-
 like; the cause of aversion.
A-vērt', *v. t. or i.* To turn
 aside. [birds in.
Ā'vi-a-ry, *n.* A place to keep
Ā-vil'i-ty, *n.* Greediness; ea-
 gerness; intense desire.
Ā'vo-eā'tion, *n.* Business
 that calls away.
A-void', *v. t.* To keep at a
 distance from; to make
 void; to defeat or evade.
A-void'a-ble, *a.* Capable of
 being avoided. [ing.
A-void'ançe, *n.* Act of avoid-

A-void'er, *n.* One who
 avoids.
Ā'voir-du-pois' (ā'ver-), *n.* A
 weight which has sixteen
 ounces to the pound.
A-vouch', *v. t.* To declare
 positively; to maintain.
A-vow', *v. t.* To declare
 openly; to own and justify.
A-vow'al, *n.* A frank declara-
 tion.
A-vow'ed-ly, *adv.* In an
 open manner.
A-vow'er, *n.* One who
 avows. [asunder.
A-vūl'sion, *n.* A tearing
A-wait', *v. t.* To wait for; to
 expect.
A-wāke', *a.* Not sleeping. —
v. t. (imp. & p. p. **AWAKED**
 or **AWOKE**.) To rouse from
 sleep; to wake. — *v. i.* To
 cease to sleep.
A-wāk'en, *v.* To awake.
A-ward', *v. t.* To adjudge;
 to decree. — *n.* A judgment.
A-wārd', *a.* Foreseeing; vigi-
 lant; watchful; apprised.
A-wāy', *adv.* At a distance.
Āwe, *n.* Reverential fear. —
v. t. To strike with awe.
Aw'ful (10), *a.* Striking awe.
Aw'ful-ness, *n.* Quality of
 striking with awe.
A-while', *adv.* For some time.
Āwk'ward, *a.* Clumsy; un-
 handy; inelegant.
Āwk'ward-ness, *n.* Un-
 gracefulfulness; clumsiness.

Awl, *n.* A tool to pierce
 holes.
Aw'n, *n.* The beard of grasses
 and grain.
Āwn'ing, *n.* A covering from
 the sun or weather.
A-wōke', *imp. & p. p.* from
Awake.
A-wr'y' (rī'), *a. or adv.* Ob-
 lique or obliquely; aside.
Āx, } *n.* An iron tool with a
Āxe, } steel edge, for hewing
 and chopping.
Āx'i-al, *a.* Pertaining to an
 axis.
Āx'i-fōrm, *a.* Having the
 shape of an axe.
Āx'il-lar-y, *a.* Belonging to
 the armist.
Āx'i-om, *n.* A self-evident
 proposition or truth.
Āx'i-om at'ic, *a.* Pertaining
 to an axiom; of the nature
 of an axiom.
Āx'is, *n.* (pl. **Āx'is**.) The line
 on which a thing revolves;
 stem of a plant.
Āx'le (āks'l), }
Āx'le-tree, }
n. A shaft on
 which a wheel
 turns.
Āy, or **Āye**, *adv.*
 Yes.
Āye (ā), *adv.* C. **Āxle**.
 Always; ever.
Āz'ure (āzh'ur or ā'zhur), *a.*
 Blue; sky-colored; cerulean.
 — *n.* A light blue; the sky.



B.

BĀā, *n.* The cry or bleat-
 ing of sheep. — *v. t.* To
 cry like a sheep.
Bāb'ble, *v. i.* To talk idly, ir-
 rationally, or unintelligibly;
 to prattle. — *n.* Senseless
 prattle; idle talk.
Bāb'bler, *n.* An idle talker;
 a prater.
Bābe, *n.* An infant; a young
 child; a baby.

Bab-ōn', *n.* A
 large species
 of monkey.
Bā'by (19), *n.*
 An infant; a
 young child;
 a babe.
Bā'by-ish, *a.*
 Like a baby;
 childish.
Bā'e-a-lau're-



Baboon.

ate, *n.* The degree of
 Bachelor of Arts.
Bāc'cha-nal, *n.* A drunkard;
 a reveler.
Bāc'cha-nā'li-an, *a.* Rev-
 eling in intemperance. — *n.*
 A drunken reveler.
Bāch'e-lor, *n.* An unmarried
 man; one who has taken
 the first degree in any of the
 liberal arts.

són, ór, dō, wōlf, tōō, tōōk; ūrn, rñe, pull; c, s, soft; e, ē, hard; a; exist; u as ng; this.

Bäck, *n.* The hinder part in man and the upper part in beasts; the rear; outward or upper part of a thing.—*adv.* To, in, or toward the rear; backward; behind; again.—*v. t.* To mount; to support; to furnish with a back.

Bäck/bite, *v. t.* To slander in the absence of the person traduced. [Lummiator.]

Bäck/bit-er, *n.* A secret cab-back/bone, *n.* The bone of the back; the spine.

Bäck-gam'mon, *n.* A game with dice, played on a kind of table or board.

Bäck/ground, *n.* Ground or part behind; shade.

Bäck/side, *n.* Under part.

Bäck-slide, *v. t.* To fall off; to apostatize.

Bäck/ward, *adj.* Unwilling; **Bäck/wards**, *adj.* slow; late; dull.

Bäck/ward-ly, *adv.* Unwillingly.

Bäck/ward-ness, *n.* State or quality of being backward.

Bäck-woods'man (21), *n.* An inhabitant of the forest in new settlements.

Bä'con (bä'kn), *n.* Hog's flesh salted, or pickled and dried.

Bäd, *a.* Wanting good qualities; ill; evil; wicked.

Bäde, *imp. of Bid.* [tion.]

Bädge, *n.* A mark of distinction.

Bäd'ger, *n.* A quadruped.—*v. t.* To tease; to worry.

Bä'fle, *v. t.* To elude or defeat by artifice.—*SYN.* To balk; frustrate; disappoint.

Bäg, *n.* A sack; purse.—*v. t.* To put into a bag.—*v. i.* To swell like a bag.

Bäg'a-telle, *n.* A trifle.

Bäg'gage, *n.* Utensils and other necessities of an army; clothing; luggage.

Bägn'io (bän'yō), *n.* A hot bath; brothel. [instrument.]

Bäg'pipe, *n.* A musical wind.

Bäll, *n.* A surety for another's appearance; a handle.—*v. t.* To give security; to set free on security; to release by bail; to free from water.

Bäll'a-ble, *a.* Capable of being bailed.

Bäll'iff, *n.* A sheriff's deputy; an under-steward.

Bäll'i-wick, *n.* Jurisdiction of a bailiff.

Bäll'or, *n.* One who delivers **Bäll'er**, *n.* goods in trust.

Bäirn, or **Bärn**, *n.* A child.

Bäit, *v. t.* To put food on, as on a hook; to give refreshment to.—*v. i.* To stop for refreshment on a journey.—*n.* A lure; temptation; enticement; refreshment.

Bälze, *n.* A kind of coarse woolen stuff.

Bäke, *v. &* To heat or harden by heat; to cook in a close heated place.—*v. i.* To do the work of baking; to dry and harden in heat.

Bäk'er, *n.* A person whose trade is to bake.

Bäk'er-y, *n.* Trade of a baker.

Bäk'ing (11), *n.* A drying by heat; quantity baked at once.

Bäl'ance, *n.* A pair of scales; the difference of accounts; equipoise; a sign in the zodiac.—*v. t.* To make equal; to weigh; to estimate; to adjust and settle.—*v. i.* To hesitate; to fluctuate.

Bäl'ance-sheet, *n.* A paper exhibiting a summary and balance of accounts.

Bäl'eo-ny, *n.* A gallery on the outer wall of a building.

Bald, *a.* Without hair; naked.

Bäl'der-däsh, *n.* A worthless mixture; jargon; nonsense.

Bald'ness, *n.* A want of hair.

Bald'päte, *n.* A pate or person without hair.

Bäl'drie, *n.* A girdle; a belt.

Bäle, *n.* Misery; sorrow; calamity; a bundle of goods.—*v. t.* To put into, or make up into, bales; to pack up.

Bäle'-fire, *n.* A signal fire.

Bäle'ful (17), *a.* Full of bale; sorrowful; sad.

Balk (bawk), *n.* An unplowed ridge of land; a great beam; hindrance; disappointment.

—*v. t.* To disappoint.—*v. i.* To stop abruptly.

Ball, *n.* Any round body; a globe; a bullet; a social assembly for dancing; a game.

—*v. i.* To form into a ball; to gather balls of snow on the feet. [song.]

Bäll'lad, *n.* A simple popular

Bäll'last, *n.* Any heavy substance to steady a ship.—*v. t.* To load with ballast.

Bäll'et (or -lä), *n.* Theatrical exhibition of dancing, &c.

Bal-löon, *n.* A vessel filled with gas for sailing in the air.

Bäll'ot, *n.* A ball or ticket used in voting.

—*v. i.* To vote by ballot.

Bäll'ot-böx, *n.* Ballot. A box for receiving ballots.

Bälm (bäm), *n.* An odoriferous plant; an ointment.

Bälm'y (bäm'y), *a.* Sweet; fragrant.

Bäl'sam, *n.* An aromatic resinous substance.

Bäl-säm'ie, *a.* Having the qualities of balsam; healing.

Bäl'us-träde, *n.* A small pillar to support a rail.

Bäl'us-träde, *n.* A row of balusters topped by a rail.

Bam-böö', *n.* A kind of tropical reed. [celve.]

Bam-böö'zle, *v. t.* To deban.

Bän, *a.* A public notice; interdiction; curse.

Ba-nä'nä, *n.* A tree, and its fruit.

Bänd, *n.* Any thing that binds; a company.—*v. t.* & *i.* To unite together.

Bänd'age, *n.* A fillet.

Ban-dän'ä, *n.* A Banana.

Ban-dän'nä, *n.* kind of silk.

Bänd'böx, *n.* A light box for bonnets, &c.


Bän'dit (25), *n.* An outlaw; a robber.

Bänd'y, *n.* A club for striking a ball.—*v. t.* To beat to and fro, as a ball; to ex-



change. — *v. i.* To contend. [*leg.*]
Bān'dy-lēg, n. A crooked
Bānc, n. Deadly poison;
 mischief; ruin.
Bānc'ful, a. Poisonous;
 noxious; hurtful.
Bāng, v. t. To beat; to
 taump. — *n.* A blow; a
 thump. [*banyan.*]
Bān'ian, n. A morning gown;
Bān'ish, v. t. To exile from
 one's country; to drive
 away.
Bān'ish-ment, n. Expulsion
 from one's own country.
Bān'is-ter, n. A baluster.
Bānk, n. A ridge of earth;
 steep acclivity; side of a
 stream; a shoal; place where
 money is deposited. — *v. t.*
 To raise a bank about.
Bānk'a-ble, a. Capable of
 being received by a bank.
Bānk'-bill, n. A promise.
Bānk'-note, a. A sorry note
 issued by a banking company.
Bānk'-book, n. A small book
 for private bank accounts.
Bānk'er, n. One who deals
 in money or discounts notes.
Bānk'ing, n. The business
 of a banker.
Bānk'rupt, n. One who can
 not pay his debts. — *a.* Un-
 able to pay debts; insolvent.
 — *v. t.* To make insolvent.
Bānk'rupt-cy, n. State of a
 bankrupt; failure in trade.
Bānk'-stock, n. Shares in a
 banking capital.
Bān'ner, n. A standard; flag.
Bān'quet (bānk'wet), n. A
 grand entertainment; a
 feast. — *v. t.* To give a feast
 to. — *v. i.* To regale one's
 self with a feast.
Bāng, n. pl. Proclamation in
 church of an intended mar-
 riage. [*of fowl.*]
Bān'tam, n. A small variety
Bān'ter, v. t. To rally; to
 ridicule; to joke or jest with.
 — *n.* Raillery; joke.
Bān'tling, n. An infant.
Bān'yan, or Ban-yān', n. A
 kind of fig-tree.
Bāp'tism, n. Application of

water to the body as a re-
 ligious ceremony.
Bāp'tis'mal, a. Pertaining to
 baptism.
Bāp'tist, n. One who holds
 to baptism of adults only,
 and that by immersion.
Bāp'tis-ter-y, n. A place for
 baptizing.
Bāp-tize', v. t. To administer
 baptism to. [*tizes.*]
Bāp-tiz'er, n. One who bap-
 tizes.
Bār, n. A bolt; obstruction;
 inclosure in an inn or court-
 room; division in music;
 bank of sand in a river;
 body of lawyers; a tribunal.
 — *v. t.* To fasten; to shut out.
Bār'b, n. Any thing like a
 beard; a point standing
 backward, as in a fish-
 hook; horse armor; a Bar-
 bary horse. — *v. t.* To fur-
 nish with barbs.
Bar-bā'ri-an, n. A savage;
 a man uncivilized. — *a.*
 Savage; uncivilized.
Bar-bār'ic, a. Foreign;
 rude; barbarous.
Bār'ba-rism, n. Savageness.
Bar-bār'i-ty, n. A savage
 state; cruelty; barbarism.
Bār'ba-rot's, a. Uncivilized;
 savage; rude; cruel.
Bār'be-cūe, n. A hog, &c.,
 roasted whole; a feast in
 the open air. — *v. t.* To
 dress and roast whole.
Bār'ber, n. One whose busi-
 ness is to shave beards.
Bār'ber-ry, n. A shrubby
 plant, and its fruit. [*poet.*]
Bār'd, n. A Celtic minstrel;
 a Bāre, *a.* Naked; uncovered;
 destitute; mere. — *v. t.* To
 make naked; to uncover.
Bāre'faced (-fast), a. Shame-
 less; impudent.
Bāre'foot, a. & adv. With-
 out shoes or stockings.
Bāre'-head'ed, a. With the
 head uncovered.
Bār'gain, n. Agreement; a
 thing bought or sold. — *v.*
t. To make a contract with;
 to sell. — *v. i.* To agree.
Bār'ge, n. A large boat for
 pleasure, &c.

Ba-ril'la, n. A sea-shore
 plant; impure carbonate of
 soda.
Bār'k, n. Kind of a tree; the
 noise made by a dog. — *v. t.*
 To strip of bark. — *a. i.* To
 make the noise of a dog.
Bār'k, n. A ship
Bār'que, } ship
 with three
 masts, with-
 out a mizzen
 topmast. 
Bār'ley, n. A Barque.
 kind of grain that malt is
 made of.
Bār'ley-cōrn, n. A grain of
 barley; third part of an
Bār'm, n. Yeast. [*inch.*]
Bār'n, n. A building for hay
 and other farm produce.
Bār'na-ele, n. A kind of
 shell-fish; a kind of goose;
 (*pl.*) an instrument to put
 on a horse's nose to confine
 him; a pair of spectacles.
Ba-rōn'i-c'er, n. An instru-
 ment to measure the weight
 of the atmosphere.
Bār'ōn, n. Rank of nobility
 next to a viscount.
Bār'ōn-age, n. Body of bar-
 ons. [*wife.*]
Bār'ōn-ess, n. A baron's
 wife.
Bār'ōn-et, n. A dignity next
 below that of a baron.
Bār'ōn-et-cy, n. The rank,
 state, or title of a baron.
Ba-rōn'i-al, a. Belonging to
 a barony.
Bār'ōny, n. Lordship or
 fee of a baron.
Ba-rughe' (-roosh'), n. A
 two-seated four-wheeled
 open carriage. [*soldiers.*]
Bār'rack, n. A building for
 Bār'ra-tor, *n.* One who ex-
 cites lawsuits.
Bār'ra-try, n. Encourage-
 ment of lawsuits.
Bār'rel, n. A sort of cask;
 a cylinder; a tube. — *v. t.* (8)
 To put into a barrel.
Bār'ren, a. Not prolific; un-
 fruitful; sterile; dull. — *n.*
 An unfruitful tract of land.
Bār'ren-ness, n. Unfruit-
 fulness.

sōn, ōr, dō, wōlf, tōō, tōōk; ūrn, rye, pull; ç, è, soft; c, ē, hard; a; e; i; u as a; u; this.

Bār'ri-cāde', *n.* A hastily made fortification; a bar or obstruction. — *v. t.* To stop up, as a passage.

Bār'ri-er, *n.* A limit; defense; barrier; obstruction; boundary. [at law.]

Bār'ris-ter, *n.* A counselor.
Bār'row, *n.* A hand-carriage; a mound; a gelt swine.

Bār'ter, *v. t.* To traffic by exchanging articles. — *n.* Traffic by exchange. [ters.]

Bār'ter-er, *n.* One who bar-
Bār'y-tōne, *n.* A male voice partaking of the common bass and tenor.

Ba-sal't, *n.* A very hard greenish-black mineral.

Ba-salt'ic, *a.* Pertaining to basalt.

Bāse, *n.* Bottom; foundation; pedestal; gravest part in music. — *a.* Low in value, rank, spirit, estimation, &c. — *Syn.* Mean; vile. — *v. t.* To found, set, or lay.

Bāse'-born, *a.* Illegitimate.
Bāse'less, *a.* Without support. [of a building.]

Bāse'ment, *n.* Lower story.
Bāse'ness, *n.* Quality of being base; meanness; villainess; deepness of sound.

Bāse'vi-ol, *n.* A musical instrument.

Bāsh'ful, *a.* Wanting confidence; modest; shy; diffident.

Bāsh'ful-ness, *n.* Extreme modesty; diffidence.

Bā'sic, *a.* Relating to a base.

Bā'si-lisk, *n.* A cockatrice; a kind of cannon.

Bā'sin (*bā'sn*), *n.* A small vessel; a dock; a pond; any hollow place.

Bā'sis, *n.* (*pl.* *Bā'sēs*.) Foundation; support; base.

Bāsk, *v. i.* To lie in warmth. — *v. t.* To warm with genial heat.

Bāsk'et, *n.* A vessel made of twigs, &c., interwoven.

Bāss, *n.* A fish; a tree.

Bāss, *n.* (*Mus.*) The base. — *a.* Grave; low; deep. See *Base*.

Bas-soon', *n.* A musical wind instrument.

Bās'tard, *a.* Illegitimate; spurious; born out of wedlock. — *n.* A spurious child.

Bās'tard-y, *n.* State of being a bastard.


Bāste, *v. t.* To beat with a stick; to sew slightly; to drip butter on.

Bas-tile' (*or* *bās'teel*), *n.* An old castle used as a prison.

Bās'ti-nāde', *v. t.* To beat

Bās'ti-nā'do, *v. t.* on the soles of the feet with a cudgel. — *n.* A cudgeling, especially on the soles of the feet.

Bās'tion (*bās'tyun*), *n.* A mass of earth standing out from a rampart.

Bāt, *n.* A stick; a small bird-like animal.  **Bat.**

Bātch, *n.* Bread baked at one time; work done at once; quantity of things taken together. [abate.]

Bāte, *v. t.* To lessen; to Ba-teau' (*bat-tō'*), *n.* (*pl.* *Ba-teaux'*, *bat-tōz'*.) A long light boat.

Bath, *n.* (*pl.* *Baths*.) A bathing; a place to bathe in.

Bātche, *v.* To wash or lie in water.

Bā-tōn' (*-tōng'*), *n.* A staff

Ba-tōon', *n.* } or truncheon. [fantry.]

Bat-tā'ion, *n.* A body of in-

Bāt'ten (*bāt'tn*), *v. t.* To make fat; to fatten; to form or fasten with battens. — *v. i.* To grow fat. — *n.* A narrow piece of board.

Bāt'ter, *v. t.* To beat down. — *n.* A mixture of flour, water, eggs, &c.

Bāt'ter-ing-rām, *n.* An engine for beating down walls.

Bāt'ter-y, *n.* A raised work for cannons; a body of cannon taken collectively; apparatus for containing or producing electricity; unlawful beating of another.

Bāt'ting, *n.* Cotton or wool in sheets for quilting.

Bāt'tle, *n.* A combat; an encounter; a fight. — *v. i.* To contend in fight.

Bāt'tle-āx, *n.* A kind of **Bāt'tle-āxe**, *n.* ax anciently used in battle.

Bāt'tle-dōor, *n.* An instrument to strike shuttlecocks with.

Bāt'tle-ment, *n.* A notched or indented parapet or wall.

Baw'ble, *n.* A gewgaw; trinket; trifle. [procure.]

Bawd, *n.* A lewd woman; a

Baw'd'y, *a.* Filthy; obscene.

Bawl', *v. t.* To proclaim as a crier. — *v. i.* To cry aloud.

Bāy, *v. i.* To bark as a dog. — *a.* Red inclining to chestnut. — *n.* Inlet of the sea; inclosure in a barn; a tree.

Bēy'bēr-ry, *n.* Fruit of the bay-tree; a species of laurel; a plant (called also wax-myrtle) and its fruit.

Bāy'o-net, *n.* A sort of dagger fixed to a gun. — *v. t.* To stab with a bayonet.

Bāy'ou (*bā'ō*), *n.* Outlet of a lake, &c.

Bāy'rām, *n.* A spirit obtained by distilling leaves of the bay-tree.

Ba-zā'r, *n.* An Eastern

Ba-zār, *n.* market-place or exchange; a fair.

Bē, *v. i.* and *auxiliary*. [imp, WAS; *p. p.* BEEN.] To exist.

Bēach, *n.* A sandy or pebbly shore; strand.

Bēa'con (*bē'kn*), *n.* A signal light to direct seamen.

Bēad (*18*), *n.* A little ball to be strung on a thread.

Bēa'dle, *n.* A crier or messenger of a court; an inferior parish officer.

Bēa'gle, *n.* A small hound.

Bēak, *n.* The bill of a bird; any thing like a bird's bill.

Bēak'er, *n.* A drinking-cup.

Bēam, *n.* A main timber; part of a balance; ray of light. — *v. i.* To shine.

Bēan, *n.* A leguminous plant and its seed.

Bēar, *v. t.* [imp. BORE; *p. p.* BORN.] To bring forth, as

ā, ē, ī, ō, ū, y, long; *ă, ě, ĭ, ŏ, ŭ, y*, short; *cāre, cār, āsk, qll*, what; *ōre, vgil, tōrm*; *p'que, ūrm*;

young; to produce. — *v. t.* [*imp.* BORE; *p. p.* BORNE.] To carry; to endure; to sustain; to support. — *v. i.* To suffer. — *n.*

A kind of wild animal; a stockjobber interested in depressing the value of stocks.



Bear.

Bear-a-ble, *a.* Capable of being borne; tolerable.

Beard, *n.* Hair on the chin, lips, and sides of the face. — *v. t.* To take or pull by the beard; to oppose to the face.

Beard'ed, *a.* Having a beard.

Beard'er, *n.* A carrier.

Bear'-gärden (-dñ), *n.* A place where bears are kept for sport. [*men.*]

Beard'ing, *n.* Deportment; Beard'ish, *a.* Like a bear.

Beast, *n.* An irrational animal; a brute. [*brutal.*]

Beast'y, *a.* Like a beast;

Beat, *v. t.* [*imp.* BEAR; *p. p.* BEAT, BEATEN.] To strike

with repeated blows; to outdo; to surpass; to conquer. — *v. i.* To strike; to dash; to throb, as a pulse. — *n.* A stroke; a blow.

Beat'en, *p. p.* of Beat.

Bè'a-tíf'ic, *a.* Making happy.

Be-át'i-fi-cá'tion, *n.* Admission to heavenly honors.

Beat'ing, *n.* Act of striking.

Be-át'i-túde, *n.* Blessedness; perfect bliss or felicity.

Beau (bô), *n.* (*pl.* Beaux, bôz.) A man of dress; a lady's attendant; a fop.

Beau I-dé'al. A mental model of beauty or excellence.

Beau'te-ous, *a.* Beautiful; handsome; fair.

Beau'ti-ful, *a.* Having the qualities that constitute beauty. — *SYN.* Handsome; fair; elegant; lovely.

Beau'ti-fy, *v. t.* To make beautiful. — *v. i.* To grow beautiful. — *SYN.* To adorn; grace; embellish; deck.

Beau'ty (bū'ty), *n.* Whatever pleases the eye or the

mind; assemblage of graces; a lovely woman.

Bèa'ver, *n.* An

amphibious quadruped and his fur; a hat.



Be-calm' (be-kām'), *v. t.* To

quiet; to calm; to appease.

Be-calm', *imp.* of Decome.

Be-cause', *conj.* For the cause or reason that; for; since; as. [*to befall.*]

Be-change', *v. t.* To happen;

Bèck, *n.* A sign with the hand or head. — *v. i.* To make a sign with the head or hand; to nod. — *v. t.* To intimate a command to by a nod or motion of the hand.

Bèck'on, *v. t.* To make a significant sign to. — *v. i.* To make a sign to another.

Be-eloud', *v. t.* To obscure.

Be-come' (-kūm'), *v. t.* [*imp.* BECAME; *p. p.* BE-COME.] To fit, or befit; to

suit. — *v. i.* To be made; to be changed to. [*graceful.*]

Be-cóm'ing, *a.* Suitable;

Bèd, *v. t.* To place in bed; to lay in order.

Be-dab'ble, *v. t.* To wet.

Be-dash', *v. t.* To wet by splashing. [*to daub.*]

Be-daub', *v. t.* To smear;

Be-daz'zle, *v. t.* To dazzle.

Bèd'-bug, *n.* An offensive bug that infests beds.

Bèd'-chām'ber, *n.* A chamber for a bed.

Bèd'-clôthes, *n.* Sheets, blankets, coverlets, &c.

Bèd'ding, *n.* Materials for a bed. [*trim.*]

Be-dèck', *v. t.* To deck; to

Be-dew' (be-dū'), *v. t.* To moisten with dew.

Bèd'-fèl'lōw, *n.* One lying in the same bed.

Be-dim', *v. t.* To make dim.

Be-diz'en (-diz'n), *v. t.* To adorn tawdrily.

Bèd'lām, *n.* A mad-house.

Bèd'lām-ite, *n.* A madman.

Bèd'-quilt, *n.* A quilted covering for a bed.

Be-dråg'gle, *v. t.* To soil.

Be-drench', *v. t.* To soak completely; to drench.

Bèd'rid, [*a.* Confined to Bèd'rid-dell,] the bed.

Bèd'room, *n.* A room for a bed.

Bèd'side, *n.* Side of a bed.

Bèd'stead, *n.* A frame for a bed.

Bèd'time, *n.* Usual hour of going to bed.

Bee (lî), *n.* An insect that makes honey.

Bee'-bread, *n.* The pollen of flowers collected by bees.

Beech, *n.* A forest-tree.

Beech'en, *a.* Belonging to, or made of, beech.

Beef, *n.* The flesh of an ox or cow; an animal of the ox-kind. [*In the latter sense it has a pl., Beeves.*]

Beef'steak, *n.* A slice of beef for broiling.

Bee'-hive, *n.* A box or case for holding bees.

Been (bin), *p. p.* of Be.

Beer, *n.* A liquor made of malt and hops. [*by bees.*]

Bees'-wax, *n.* Wax secreted

Beet, *n.* A garden vegetable.

Beet'ic, *n.* A mallet; an insect. — *v. t.* To hang over.

Beeves, *n. pl.* of Beef. Cattle.

Be-fall' (16), *v. t.* [*imp.* BE-FELL; *p. p.* BEFALLEN.]

To happen to. — *v. i.* To happen; to occur.

Be-fit', *v. t.* To become; suit.

Be-fit'ting, *a.* Suiting; becoming. [*of.*]

Be-fôol', *v. t.* To make a fool

Be-fôre', *prep.* In front of; prior to; in presence of. — *adv.* Previously; sooner.

Be-fôre'hånd, *adv.* Previously. — *a.* Well provided.

Be-foul', *v. t.* To pollute.

Be-friend', *v. t.* To favor.

Bèg, *v. t.* To ask earnestly; to solicit. — *v. i.* To live on alms; to ask for alms.

Be-gët', *v. t.* [*imp.* BEGAT; *p. p.* BEGOT, BEGOTTEN.]

To generate or produce.

Bèg'gar, *n.* One who begs, or who lives by begging. —

són, ór, dñ, wölf, tóö, tóök; úrn, rye, pull; ç, é, soft; e, é, hard; æ; exist; y as ng; this.


v. t. To bring to want; to reduce to beggary.
Bēg'gar-li-ness, *n.* State of being beggarly; meanness.
Bēg'gar-ly, *a.* Very poor; mean. — *adv.* Meantly.
Bēg'gar-y, *n.* Extreme indigence or poverty.
Be-gin', *v. t.* [*imp.* **BEGAN**; *p. p.* **BEGUN**.] To take rise; to commence; to do the first act. [*gins.*]
Be-gin'ner, *n.* One who begins.
Be-gin'ning, *n.* First cause, state, or part; commencement.
Be-gird', *v. t.* [*imp.* **BEGIRD**; *p. p.* **BEGIRT**.] To surround; to gird.
Be-gone!, *interj.* Go away!
Be-got', *p. p.* of **Beget**.
Be-got'ten, *p. p.* of **Beget**.
Be-grime', *v. t.* To soil.
Be-grudge', *v. t.* To envy the possession of; to grudge.
Be-guile', *v. t.* To impose upon; to deceive; to amuse.
Be-gun', *p. p.* of **Begin**.
Be-half', *n.* Favor; cause; account; sake; defense.
Be-häve', *v. i.* or *t.* To carry; to act; to demean.
Be-hävi'or, *n.* Manner of behaving; a course of life. — *SYN.* Conduct; deportment.
Be-head', *v. t.* To cut off the head of.
Be-hēld', *imp.* of **Behold**.
Bē'he-moth, *n.* A large beast described in Job xl.
Be-hēst', *n.* A command; mandate; injunction.
Be-hind', *prep.* At the back of. — *adv.* At or towards the rear. [*rears.*]
Be-hind'hānd, *adv.* In arrears.
Be-hōld', *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.* **BEHELD**.] To see; to look at. — *interj.* Lo! see!
Be-hōld'en, *a.* Indebted.
Be-hōld'er, *n.* One who beholds; a spectator. [*tags.*]
Be-hōō', *n.* Profit; advance.
Be-hōōve', *v. t.* To be necessary to; to be fit or meet for; to become.
Bē'ing, *n.* Existence; any thing that exists.

Be-lā'bor, *v. t.* To beat soundly.
Be-lāte', *v. t.* To make late; to delay; to retard. [*layed.*]
Be-lāt'ed, *a.* Detained; delayed.
Be-lāy', *v. t.* To fasten, as a rope, by winding it round something.
Bēlch, *v. t.* To eject wind from the stomach.
Bēl'dam, *n.* An ugly old woman; a hag. [*siege.*]
Be-lēa'guer, *v. t.* To besiege.
Bēl'fry (19), *n.* A place where bells are rung.
Be-lie', *v. t.* To speak falsely of; to vilify; to slander.
Be-liēf', *n.* Credit given to evidence; thing believed.
Be-liēve', *v. t.* To trust in; to give credit to. [*lieves.*]
Be-liēv'er, *n.* One who believes.
Bēll (1), *n.* A sounding vessel of metal. — *v. i.* To grow like a bell. [*night-shade.*]
Bēll'a-dōn'nā, *n.* Deadly bell (bēl), *n.* A handsome young lady.
Bēlles-lēt'tres (bel-lēt'ter), *n. pl.* Polite literature.
Bel-lig'er-ent, *a.* Carrying on war. — *n.* One who wages war.
Bēll'man (21), *n.* One who rings a bell; a crier of goods.
Bēll'mēt'al (-mēt'l or -mēt'al), *n.* A composition of which bells are made.
Bēll'ow, *v. i.* To roar like a bull. — *n.* An outcry; a roar.
Bēll'ows (bēll'us), *n. sing.* & *pl.* A machine to blow with.
Bēll-wēth'er, *n.* A sheep which carries a bell, and leads the flock.
Bēll'y, *n.* Part of the body containing the bowels; abdomen. — *v. i.* To bulge; to project; to swell.
Bēll'y-āche, *n.* Pain in the bowels. [*horse.*]
Bēll'y-bānd, *n.* A girth for a horse.
Be-lōng', *v. i.* To be the property of; to adhere.
Be-lōv'ed, *p. p.* Greatly loved.
Be-lōv'ed (-lūv'ed), *a.* Dear; much loved.
Be-lōw', *prep.* Under in time

or place; beneath; inferior to. — *adv.* In a lower place; beneath; on earth; in hell.
Bēlt, *n.* A girdle; sash; band.
Be-mire', *v. t.* To sink or drag in the mire.
Be-mōan', *v. t.* To lament.
Bēnch, *n.* A long seat; a judge's seat; body of judges; a court.
Bēnch'er, *n.* A senior in the English inns of court.
Bēnd, *v. t.* & *i.* [*imp.* & *p. p.* **BENDE**, **BENT**.] To crook; to bow; to submit. — *n.* A curve or flexure.
Be-neāth' (or -neeth'), *prep.* Lower than; under; below. — *adv.* In a lower place.
Bēn'e-diet, *n.* A newly-married man.
Bēn'e-dick, *n.* married man.
Bēn'e-dic'tion, *n.* Blessing; invocation of happiness; thanks.
Bēn'e-fāc'tion, *n.* Charitable gift; donation.
Bēn'e-fāc'tor, *n.* One who confers a benefit.
Bēn'e-fāc'tress, *n.* She who confers a benefit. [*ing.*]
Bēn'e-fice, *n.* A church living.
Bēn'e-fic'ence, *n.* Active goodness; bounty.
Be-nēf'i-cent, *a.* Delighting in good works; charitable.
Bēn'e-fic'ial (-fish'al), *a.* Useful; advantageous.
Bēn'e-fic'i-ary (-fish'i-a), *n.* One who holds a benefice; one benefited or assisted by another.
Bēn'e-fit, *n.* Advantage; profit; favor conferred. — *v. t.* To do good to.
Be-nēv'o-lence, *n.* Disposition to do good; good-will; benignity; kindness.
Be-nēv'o-lent, *a.* Having good will; kind; affectionate; friendly.
Be-night' (-nit'), *v. t.* To involve in night or darkness.
Be-nign' (-nīn'), *a.* Gracious; kind; generous; benevolent.
Be-nig'nant, *a.* Gracious; kind; favorable.
Be-nig'ni-ty, *n.* Graciousness; favor; kindness

Bén'i-gon, *n.* A blessing.
 Bént, *imp.* & *p. p.* of Bend.—
n. A curve; tendency.
 Be-numb' (be-nūm'), *v. t.* To
 deprive of feeling.
 Ben-zoin', *n.* A resinous
 juice.
 Be-präise', *v. t.* To praise
 extravagantly. [by will.
 Be-quēath', *v. t.* To give
 Be-quēst', *n.* A legacy left
 by will.
 Be-räte', *v. t.* To scold.
 Be-räve', *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.*
 BEREAVED, BEREFT.] To
 make destitute; to deprive;
 to take away from. [tion.
 Be-räve'ment, *n.* Depriva-
 Be-rēft', *imp.* & *p. p.* of
 Bereave. [iron.
 Bēr-ga-mōt, *n.* A pear; a cit-
 Bēr'ry (19), *n.* Any small
 pulpy fruit containing seeds.
 Bērth, *n.* A ship's station at
 anchor; a place in a ship to
 sleep in; official situation.
 Bēr'yl, *n.* A greenish mineral.
 Be-seech', *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.*
 BESOUGHT.] To entreat;
 to pray; to beg; to implore.
 Be-seem', *v. t.* To become;
 to befit.
 Be-sēt', *v. t.* [*imp.* & *p. p.*
 BESET.] To set on, in, or
 round; to besiege; to way-
 lay; to perplex; to harass.
 Be-sēt'ting, *a.* Habitually
 attending or harassing.
 Be-shrew' (-shry'), *v. t.* To
 wish a curse to; to execrate.
 Be-side', *prep.* At the side
 of; out of; over and above.
 [In the last sense, written
 also *besides*.]
 Be-sides', *adv.* Over and
 above. — *prep.* Over and
 above; in addition to.
 Be-siēge', *v. t.* To lay siege
 to; to beset.
 Be-slob'ber, *v. t.* To smear
 with spittle running from
 the mouth. [over.
 Be-smear', *v. t.* To smear
 Bē'som, *n.* A brush of twigs.
 Be-söt', *v. t.* To make sot-
 tish; to inebriate.
 Be-sought' (be-sawt'), *imp.*
 & *p. p.* of Beseech.

Be-spät'ter, *v. t.* To soil by
 spattering.
 Be-spēak', *v. t.* [*imp.* BE-
 SPOKE; *p. p.* RESPOKEN.]
 To speak for beforehand; to
 foretell; to betoken.
 Be-sprink'le, *v. t.* To scatter
 or sprinkle over.
 Bēst, *a., superl.* of Good. Most
 good; most advanced or
 complete. — *adv., superl.* of
 Well. In the highest degree.
 — *n.* Utmost.
 Bēs'tial (bēs'tyal), *a.* Be-
 longing to a beast; brutal;
 carnal. [move quick.
 Be-stir', *v. t.* To cause to
 Be-stōw', *v. t.* To stow; to
 make use of; to give.
 Be-stōw'al, [*n.* Act of
 Be-stōw'ment,] bestowing.
 Be-strew' (-stry' or -stro'),
v. t. To scatter over.
 Be-stride', *v. t.* [*imp.* BE-
 STRID or BESTRODE; *p. p.*
 BESTRID, BESTRIDDEN.]
 To sit or stand with the legs
 extended across.
 Bēt, *n.* A wager; stake. — *v.*
t. [*imp.* & *p. p.* BETTED.]
 To lay a wager.
 Be-tāke', *v. t.* [*imp.* BE-
 TOOK; *p. p.* BETAKEN.]
 To have recourse; to apply.
 Bē'tel (bē'tl), *n.* A species of
 pepper in the East Indies.
 Be-think', *v. t.* & *i.* [*imp.*
 BETHOUGHT.] To reflect;
 to recollect; to consider.
 Be-tide', *v.* To befall; to oc-
 cur; to happen to.
 Be-time', [*adv.* In good
 Be-times',] time; early.
 Be-tō'ken, *v. t.* To signify.
 Be-tōök', *imp.* of Betake.
 Be-trāy', *v. t.* To give up or
 disclose treacherously; to
 indicate.
 Be-trāy'al, *n.* Act of betray-
 ing; breach of trust.
 Be-trōth', *v. t.* To pledge
 marriage to. [marriage.
 Be-trōth'al, *n.* Contract of
 Bēt'ter, *a., compar.* of Good.
 More good; superior. — *v.*
t. To make better. — *SYN.*
 To improve; mend; ad-
 vance.

Bēt'ter-ment, *n.* Improve-
 ment.
 Bēt'ters, *n. pl.* Superiors.
 Bēt'ty, *n.* A burglar's instru-
 ment to break open doors.
 Be-tween', [*prep.* In the
 Be-twixt',] middle.
 Bēv'el (8), *n.* 
 Slant of a sur-
 face; a kind of
 square used by
 masons, &c. —
v. t. To cut to a bevel.
 Bēv'er-age, *n.* Liquor for
 drinking. [company.
 Bēv'y, *n.* A flock of birds; a
 Be-wāil', *v. t.* To lament;
 to grieve for.
 Be-wāre', *v. i.* To be cautious.
 Be-wil'der, *v. t.* To puzzle;
 to perplex.
 Be-witch', *v. t.* To charm;
 to fascinate; to enchant.
 Be-witch'ing, *a.* Having
 power to charm; fascinat-
 ing. [ernor.
 Bāy (bā), *n.* A Turkish gov-
 Be-yōnd', *prep.* On the fur-
 ther side of. — *adv.* At a
 distance.
 Bēz'el, *n.* The part of a ring
 in which the stone is set.
 Bī'as, *n.* Weight on one side;
 partiality; propensity. — *v.*
t. (8) To incline to one side.
 Bīb, *n.* A cloth worn by
 children under the chin.
 Bīb'ber, *n.* A drinker.
 Bī'ble, *n.* The book that con-
 tains the sacred Scriptures.
 Bīb'li-cal, *a.* Relating to the
 Bible.
 Bīb'li-ōg'ra-pher, *n.* One
 versed in bibliography.
 Bīb'li-o-grāph'ic-al, *a.* Per-
 taining to a description of
 books.
 Bīb'li-ōg'ra-phy, *n.* A his-
 tory or account of books.
 Bīb'li-o-mā'ni-ac, *n.* One
 who has a rage for books.
 Bīb'u-lous, *a.* Apt to imbibe.
 Bī-cēph'a-lous, *a.* Having
 two heads.
 Bīck'er, *v. t.* To contend
 petulantly about trifles.
 Bīck'er-ing, *n.* Petulant con-
 tention.

sōu, ōr, dō, wōlf, tōd, tōōk; ūrn, rye, pull; c, ē, soft; e, ē, hard; a; exist; ū as ng; this.

Bid, *v. t.* [*pret.* **BID**, **BIDE**; *p. p.* **BID**, **BIDDEN**.] To offer; to command; to order.

— *n.* An offer of a price.

Bid'den (*bid'dn*), *p. p.* of *Bid*.

Bid'ding, *n.* An invitation; command; offer of price.

Bide, *v. t.* To dwell. — *v. i.* To endure; to wait for.

Bi-ën'ni-al, *a.* Happening every two years; continuing for two years. [*the dead.*]

Biër, *n.* A carriage to bear **Bi-fä'ri-ous**, *a.* In two rows.

Bi'fid, *a.* Opening with a cleft.

Bi'förm, *a.* Having two forms.

Bi-für'eate, } *a.* Having

Bi-für'cä-ted, } two forks or branches.

Bi-fur-cä'tion, *n.* A forking into two branches.

Big, *a.* Large; great; huge; swollen; pregnant.

Big'a-mist, *n.* One who has two wives or two husbands at the same time.

Big'a-my, *n.* Crime of having two wives or two husbands at once. [*vessel.*]

Big'gin, *n.* A small wooden

Bight (*bit*), *n.* Bend in a sea-coast; bend or coil of a rope.

Big'ness, *n.* Size; bulk.

Big'ot, *n.* One unreasonably devoted to a party or creed.

Big'ot-ed (*8*), *a.* Illiberal.

Big'ot-ry, *n.* Excessive prejudice; blind zeal.

Bi'l'bér-ry, *n.* A shrub, and its fruit.

Bi'l'bo, *n.* A rapier; sword.

Bi'l'böes (*18*), *n. pl.* A kind of stocks for the feet. [*liver.*]

Bile, *n.* A fluid secreted by the

Bilge, *n.* The protuberant part of a cask; broadest part of a ship's bottom. — *v. i.* To leak from fracture in the bilge.

Bilge'-wa'ter, *n.* Offensive water in a ship's hold.

Bi'l'la-ry, *a.* Belonging to, or partaking of, the bile.

Bi-ling'ual, *a.* Having or speaking two languages.

Bi'l'ious (*bi'l'yus*), *a.* Pertaining to bile.

Blük, *v. t.* To defraud; to deceive.

Bill, *n.* Beak of a bird; an account; a note; draft of a law or act. — *v.* To caress.

Bi'l'et, *n.* A small note or letter; a stick of wood. — *v. t.* To quarter, as soldiers in private houses.

Billet-doux (*bi'l'e-doo'*), *n.* A love-letter.

Bill'iards, *n. pl.* A game played on a kind of table with balls and sticks.

Bill'ings-gate, *n.* Foul language.

Bill'ion (*bi'l'yun*), *n.* In *Eng.* a million of millions; in *Amer.* a thousand millions.

Bi'l'ow, *n.* A large wave.

Bi'l'ow-y, *a.* Swelling like a wave. [*commodity.*]

Bin, *n.* A repository for any

Bi'na-ry, *a.* Composed of two.

Bi'nate, *a.* Being in couples.

Bind, *v. t. or i.* [*imp.* & *p. p.* **BOUND**.] To tie; to confine; to restrain; to oblige by kindness; to confirm; to form a border round; to make cative. — *v. i.* To become contracted; to be obligatory.

Bind'er, *n.* One who binds books. [*ing books.*]

Bind'er-y, *n.* Place for binding.

Bind'ing, *n.* A bandage; cover of a book.

Bin'na-ele, *n.* Compas-box of a ship.

Bi-nö'e'u-lar, *a.* Having two eyes.

Bi-nö'mi-al, *a.* Having two names.

Bi-ög'ra-pher, *n.* A writer of biography.

Bi-nö'graph'ie-al, *a.* Pertaining to the history of a person's life.

Bi-ög'ra-phy, *n.* A history of one's life and character.

Bi-öl'o-gy, *n.* Science of life.

Bi-pär'tite, or **Bi-pär'tite**, *a.* Capable of being divided into two parts.

Bi-par'ti'tion (*-tish'un*), *n.* Division into two parts.

Bi'ped, *n.* An animal having only two feet.

Bi-quad'rate, *n.* The fourth power; square of a square.

Bi'quad-rät'ie, *a.* Relating to the fourth power of a quantity. [*species.*]

Birch, *n.* A tree of several

Birch'en, *a.* Made of birch.

Bird, *n.* A feathered, flying animal. [*keep birds in.*]

Bird'-cäge, *n.* A cage to

Bird's'-eye, *a.* Seen as if by a flying bird above.

Bird'-lime, *n.* A glutinous substance to catch birds.

Birth, *n.* The act of coming into life; lineage; origin.

Birth'däy, *n.* Day, or anniversary of the day, of one's birth. [*one is born.*]

Birth'-pläce, *n.* Place where

Birth'-right (*-rit*), *n.* The right or privilege to which one is born.

Bis'euit (*-kit*), *n.* A kind of small baked cake.

Bi-séet', *v. t.* To divide into two (usually equal) parts.

Bi-sé'tion, *n.* A division into two equal parts.

Bi-ség'ment, *n.* One of the parts of any thing bisected.

Bish'op, *n.* Head of a diocese.

Bish'op-rie, *n.* Jurisdiction of a bishop; a diocese.

Big'muth, *n.* A reddish-white metal.

Bi'son (or *bi'-sn*), *n.* A North American quadruped, — popularly called

buff'a'o.

Bis-séx'tile, *n.* Leap-year.

Bis'ter, } *n.* A brown paint

Bis'tre, } made of soot.

Bit, *n.* The iron mouth-piece of a bridle; a morsel; a boring-tool.

Bitch, *n.* A she-dog.

Bite, *v. t.* [*imp.* **BIT**; *p. p.* **BITTEN**.] To seize or crush with the teeth; to cheat; to trick. — *n.* Act of biting.

Bit'ing (*11*), *a.* Sharp; severe; sarcastic; caustic.




Bison.

Bit'ten (bīt'tn), *p. p. of Bite.*
Bit'ter, *a.* Having a peculiar, acrid, biting taste; sharp; severe; afflictive.
Bit'tern, *n.* A wading-bird allied to the heron.
Bit'ter-ness, *n.* A bitter taste. [drink.]
Bit'ters, *n. pl.* A bitter
Bi-tū'men, *n.* An inflammable substance of a strong smell. [bitumen.]
Bi-tū'mi-noūs, *a.* Containing
Bi'vālvē, *n.* That which has two valves. [valves.]
Bi-vālv'u-lar, *a.* Having two
Bi'vōuāē (biv'wak), *v. t.* To be on watch all night, as an army. — *n.* A watching by night, as of a whole army.
Blāb, *v.* To tell a secret; to tattle. — *n.* A tell-tale.
Black, *a.* Destitute of light; very dark; cloudy; dismal. — *n.* A negro, the darkest of colors. — *v. t.* To make black; to blacken.
Black'a-mōōr, *n.* A negro.
Black'ārt, *n.* Magic.
Black'ball, *n.* A composition for blackening shoes; a ball of black color used as a negative in voting. — *v. t.* To reject by black ballots.
Black'bēr-ry, *n.* The berry of the bramble.
Black'bīrd, *n.* A kind of singing bird of a black color.
Black'bōard, *n.* A board painted black used for writing on with chalk.
Black'cāt'tle, *n. pl.* Oxen, cows, &c., of any color.
Black'en, *v.* To make or grow black; to defame.
Black'guārd (blā'gard), *n.* A person who uses foul language. [black.]
Black'ish, *a.* Somewhat
Black'lead, *n.* A mineral; plumbago.
Black'lēg, *n.* A notorious gambler and cheat; sharper.
Black'lēt'ter, *n.* The old English letter or character.
Black'ness, *n.* A black color. [who works in iron.]
Black'smith, *n.* A smith

Blāck'thōrn, *n.* A spiny plant used for hedges.
Blād'der, *n.* A vessel in the body containing some liquid, as the urine.
Blāde, *n.* A spire of grass; cutting part of an instrument; flat part of an oar.
Blāin, *n.* A blister; blotch.
Blām'a-ble (11), *a.* Deserving blame; culpable; faulty.
Blāme, *v. t.* To censure; to charge with a fault. — *n.* Expression of disapprobation; imputation of a fault.
Blāme'less, *a.* Without blame.
Blāme'wor-thy (-wār'thy), *a.* Deserving blame; censurable.
Blānch, *v.* To whiten; to peel.
Blanc-mānge' (blo-mōnj'), *n.* A preparation of isinglass, milk, sugar, &c., boiled.
Blānd, *a.* Courteous; mild; soft; gentle.
Blānd'ish, *v. t.* To smooth; to soften; to caress.
Blānd'ish-ment, *n.* Soothing words; artful caresses.
Blānk, *a.* White; pale; unwritten; without rhyme. — *n.* Any void space.
Blānk'et, *n.* A woolen covering for a bed.
Blār'ney, *n.* Smooth, deceitful talk; flattery.
Blas-phēme', *v. t.* To speak impiously of, as of God. — *v. i.* To utter blasphemy.
Blās'phe-mōūs, *a.* Containing blasphemy.
Blās'phe-my, *n.* Language uttered impiously against God or sacred things.
Blāst, *n.* A destructive wind; a forcible stream of air; blight; explosion of powder. — *v. t.* To cause to wither; to split with powder; to injure. [elf.]
Blāt'tant, *a.* Bellowing as a
Blāze, *v. i.* To shine or burn with flame. — *v. t.* To make public. — *n.* A flame.
Blā'zon (blā'zn), *v. t.* To display with ostentation. — *n.* The art of heraldry; show.


Blā'zon-ry, *n.* The art of describing coats of arms.
Blēach, *v. t. or i.* To whiten.
Blēach'er-y, *n.* A place for bleaching. [less.]
Blēak, *a.* Open; cold; sheer.
Blēar, *a.* Dim or sore with rheum.
Blēar'-eyēd (-id), *a.* Having eyes dim with rheum.
Blēat, *v.* To cry like a sheep.
Blēat, *n.* The cry of a
Blēat'ing, *n.* sheep or lamb.
Bleed, *v. t.* [imp. & p. p. BLEED.] To let blood.
Blēm'ish, *v. t.* To disfigure; to tarnish; to defame. — *n.* Mark of deformity; disgrace; taint. [finch.]
Blēnch, *v. t.* To shrink; to
Blēnd, *v. t.* To confound in a mass; to mingle together.
Blēss, *v. t.* [imp. & p. p. BLESSED or BLEST.] To make happy; to wish happiness to; to praise. [ly.]
Blēss'ed, *a.* Happy; heaven-
Blēss'ing, *n.* Divine favor; benediction.
Blēst, *imp. & p. p. of Bless.*
Blew (blū) *imp. of Blow.*
Blight (blīt), *n.* A disease; mildew; decay. — *v. t.* To affect with blight; to blast.
Blind, *a.* Destitute of sight; dark; obscure. — *v. t.* To prevent from seeing; to darken. — *n.* Any thing that intercepts the sight.
Blind'fōld, *a.* Having the eyes covered. — *v. t.* To cover the eyes of.
Blind'mān's-buff', *n.* A kind of game. [ignorance.]
Blind'ness, *n.* Want of sight;
Blind'side, *n.* The side most assailable; foible; weakness.
Blīnk, *v. i.* To wink; to see darkly. — *v. t.* To avoid; to evade. — *n.* Glimpse; glance; a dazzling whiteness.
Bliss, *n.* The highest happiness; felicity. [blessed.]
Bliss'ful (17), *a.* Very happy;
Blis'ter, *n.* A thin watery bladder on the skin. — *v. t.* To raise blisters upon. — *v. i.* To rise in blisters.

sōn, ōr, dō, wōlf, tōō, tōōk; ōrn, rye, pull; c, ē, soft; c, ē, hard; a; exist; u as ng; this.

Blithe, } *a.* Gay; mer-
Blithe/some, } ry; joyous.
Blōat, *v. t.* To cause to
 swell. — *v. i.* To puff up.
Blōat'ed, *a.* Puffed; swelled.
Blōck, *n.* A piece of wood,
 stone, &c.; a pulley. — *v. t.*
 To shut or stop up.
B'ōck-āde', *n.* The shutting
 up of a place by troops or
 ships. — *v. t.* To surround
 with a force; to shut up.
B'ōck'hēad, *n.* A person of
 dull intellect. [wooden fort.
B'ōck'-house, *n.* A sort of
 B'ōck'ish, *a.* Stupid.
Blood (blūd), *n.* The red
 fluid which circulates in an-
 imals; kindred; race; life.
Blood'-guilt'i-ness, *n.* Guilt
 of shedding blood unlaw-
 fully.
Blood'-heat, *n.* Heat of the
 same degree as the blood.
Blood'-hound, *n.* A ferocious
 kind of dog. 
Blood'less, *a.*
 Without blood. Blood-hound.
Blood'shed, *n.* Slaughter.
Blood'shōt, *a.* Red and in-
 flamed with blood.
Blood'-suck'er, *n.* A leech;
 a cruel man. [blood.
Blood'-thirst'y, *a.* Eager for
 Blood'-vēs'sel, *n.* An artery
 or vein. [blood.
Blood'y, *a.* Stained with
 blood. Blossom; flower;
 the flush on the cheek;
 a mass of crude iron. — *v. t.*
 To yield blossoms.
Bloom'ing, *a.* Thriving with
 youth, health, and beauty.
Bloom'y, *a.* Full of bloom.
Blos'som, *n.* The flower of a
 plant. — *v. i.* To put forth
 blossoms.
B'ōt (7), *v. t.* To stain; to
 spot; to efface. — *n.* Spot.
B'ōtch, *n.* An inflamed spot
 on the skin. — *v. t.* To
 mark with spots.
B'ōt'ter, *n.* A waste-book.
Blouse, } *n.* A light, loose
Blouse, } outer garment.
Blōw, *n.* A stroke; calam-
 ity; egg of a fly. — *v. i.* [imp.]

Blew; *p. p.* **BLOWN**.] To
 make a current of air; to
 pant; to puff; to breathe;
 to blossom. — *v. t.* To drive
 by a current of air; to de-
 posit, as flies their eggs.
Blōw'er, *n.* A plate of iron
 to increase a current of air.
Blōw'-pipe, *n.* A tube by
 which a current of air is
 forced through flame upon
 any substance.
Blowze, *n.* A ruddy woman.
Blōw'zy, *a.* Ruddy and fat.
Blūb'ber, *n.* Fat of whales.
 — *v. i.* To weep so as to
 swell the cheeks. [club.
Blūd'geon, *n.* A short, thick
 blue, *a.* Of a color called
 blue. — *n.* One of the seven
 primary colors. — *v. t.* To
 dye, stain, or make blue.
Blūes, *n. pl.* Lowness of
 spirits. [ary lady.
Blūe'-stōck'ing, *n.* A liter-
 Blūff, *a.* Roughly frank;
 steep; bold. — *n.* A steep
 bank overhanging the sea or
 a river. [degree.
Blū'ish, *a.* Blue in a small
 Blūn'der, *v. i.* To mistake
 grossly. — *n.* A gross mis-
 take. — *SYN.* Error; bull
 Blūn'der-būss, *n.* A short
 gun with large bore.
Blūn'der-hēad, *n.* A stupid
 person.
Blūnt, *a.* Dull on the edge
 or point; rough; rude;
 abrupt. — *v. t.* To dull;
 to depress; to weaken.
Blūnt'ly, *adv.* In a blunt
 manner.
Blūr, *n.* A blot; spot; stain.
 — *v. t.* (7) To obscure
 without quite effacing; to
 stain; to spot. [vertently.
Blūrt, *v. t.* To utter inad-
 blūsh, *v. i.* To redden in the
 face. — *n.* A sudden red-
 dening of the cheeks.
Blūsh'ing, *n.* Act of turning
 red. — *a.* Reddish.
Blūs'ter(8), *v. i.* To roar;
 to boast; to bully. — *n.* A
 roar; tumult; swagger.
Blūs'ter-ing, *n.* Tumult;
 noise; boasting.


Bō'ā (18), *n.* The largest
 kind of serpent, — often
 called *Boa constrictor*; a
 tipet.
Bōar, *n.* A male swine.
Bōard, *n.* A piece of timber
 sawed thin and broad; a
 table; food; a council; deck
 of a ship. — *v. t.* To lay
 with boards; to enter by
 force, as a ship; to feed. —
v. i. To receive food.
Bōard'er, *n.* One who boards.
Bōard'ing-schōol, *n.* A
 school where the pupils
 board with the teacher.
Bōast, *v. i. or t.* To talk os-
 tentatiously; to vaunt. — *n.*
 A vaunting speech.
Bōast'ful, *a.* Given to boast-
 ing; vainglorious.
Bōat, *n.* A small open vessel.
Bōat'man (21), *n.* One who
 manages a boat.
Bōat'swain (bō'sn), *n.* An
 officer in a ship, who has
 charge of boats, rigging, &c.
Bōb, *n.* Any thing that plays
 loosely, as at the end of a
 string.
Bōb'bin, *n.* A small pin on
 which thread is wound for
 making lace.
Bōb'tail, *n.* A short tail.
Bōck'ing, *n.* A kind of baize.
Bōde, *v. t.* To presage. — *v. i.*
 To be an omen.
Bōd'ice, or **Bōd'dice**, *n.* A
 sort of stays; corset.
Bōd'ily (13), *a.* Relating to
 the body.
Bōd'kin, *n.* An instrument
 for making holes; a dagger.
Bōd'y, *n.* The whole trunk
 of an animal; person; main
 part; bulk; mass; system.
 — *v. t.* To give a body or
 form to. [the person.
Bōd'y-guārd, *n.* A guard of
 Bōg, *n.* A fen or morass.
Bōg'gle, *v. i. & t.* To hesi-
 tate from fear of difficulties.
Bōg'gy, *a.* Marshy; swampy.
Bo'hēa', *n.* A coarse kind of
 black tea.
Boil, *n.* A sore swelling. — *v.*
i. To bubble through heat.
 — *v. t.* To cause to boil.

Boil'er, n. A vessel for boiling. [noisy.]
Bois'ter-oüs, a. Violent;
Böld, a. Having or requiring courage. — **SYN.** Courageous; brave; valiant.
Böld'ness, n. Courage; confidence; impudence.
Böle, n. Stem of a tree; a kind of fine clay.
Böll, n. A pod; a seed-vessel. — **v. i.** To form into a round pod.
Böll'ster, n. A long pillow. — **v. t.** To pad; to support.
Bölt, n. Bar for fastening; an arrow; lightning; a piece of canvas of 33 yards. — **v. t.** To fasten; to sift. — **v. i.** To leave suddenly; to swallow hastily.
Bölt'er, n. A sieve to separate flour from bran.
Bö'lus, n. A large pill.
Bömb (büm), n. An iron shell to be filled with powder and discharged from a mortar.  Bomb.
Böm'bärd', v. t. To attack with bombs.
Böm'bar-diër', n. One who serves a mortar.
Böm'bärd'ment, n. An attack with bombs.
Böm'ba-sine', n. A slight
Böm'ba-zine', n. twilled stuff.
Böm'bäst (büm'bäst), n. High sounding language.
Böm'bäst, a. Consisting
Böm'bäst'ic, a. of swelling words. [woolen stuff.
Böm'ba-zët'te', n. A thin
Böm'b-kêch (büm'k-), n. A ship to carry bombs.
Bönd, n. Any thing that binds; cord; chain; union; an obligation in writing. — **v. t.** To secure by bond. — **a.** In a servile state; captive.
Bönd'äge, n. Slavery; captivity. [slave.
Bönd'mäid, n. A woman
Bönd'man, n. A man slave.
Bönd'sêrv'ant, n. A slave.
Bönds'man (21), n. One

bound as surety for another. [slave.
Bönd'wom-an, n. A female
Bone, n. Solid frame of an animal, or a piece of this frame.
Bön'fire, n. A triumphal fire.
Bön'môt' (böng-mô'), n. A witty speech; a jest.
Bön'net, n. A covering for the head. [ry; gay.
Bön'ny, a. Handsome; mer-
Bön'us, n. A premium, as on a loan or other privilege.
Bö'ny, a. Full of bones.
Böo'by, n. A dunce; a bird.
Bööm, n. A volume; a work, or a definite part of a work. — **v. t.** To enter in a book.
Böök'-bind'er, n. One who binds books. [books.
Böök'eäse, n. A case for
Böök'ish, a. Much given to books or study.
Böök'-keep'er, n. A keeper of account-books.
Böök'-keep'ing, n. The keeping of accounts.
Böök'sêll'er, n. One who sells books. [close student.
Böök'worm (-würm), n. A
Bööm, n. A spar to extend the bottom of a sail; a bar across a river or harbor. — **v. i.** To rush and roar.
Böön, a. Gay; merry; kind. — **n.** A gift; present; grant; favor. [man.
Böör, n. A clown; country-
Böör'ish, a. Clownish; rustic.
Böö'gy, a. Tipsy; intoxicated.
Bööt, v. t. To profit; to put on boots. — **n.** Profit; a covering for the leg and foot; part of a coach.
Bööt-ee', n. A short boot.
Bööth, n. A temporary shelter of slight construction.
Boot'-jack, n. An instrument for pulling off boots.
Bööt'less, a. Unprofitable.
Bööt'-tree, n. A sort of last to shape a boot on.
Bööt'y, n. Pillage; plunder.
Bö'trax, n. A compound of a certain acid and soda.
Bör'der, n. An edge; boundary. — **v. t.** To adorn with a border. — **v. i.** To make

a border; to be near or contiguous.
Böre, v. t. To make a hole in; to pierce; to weary. — **n.** A hole made by boring; a tiresome person.
Böre, imp. of Bar.
Bö're-as, n. The north wind.
Börn, p. p. of Bear. Brought forth.
Börne, p. p. of Bear. Carried.
Bör'cugh (bür'ö), n. A corporation-town.
Bör'röw, v. t. To take the use of for a time.
Böss, n. A stud; a knob.
Bö'som (bööz'tum), n. Breast; heart; any receptacle. — **v. t.** To conceal; to inclose.
Bo-tän'ic, a. Relating
Bo-tän'ic-al, a. to plants.
Böt'a-nist, n. A person who is skilled in plants.
Böt'a-nize, v. i. To study plants.
Böt'a-ny, n. Science that treats of plants.
Bötch, n. Swelling; pustule; work ill-finished. — **v. t.** To mend clumsily. [botches.
Bötch'y, a. Covered with
Böth, a. The one and the other; the two. [Used also as a pron. and a conj.]
Böth'er, v. t. To perplex.
Böts, n. pl. Small worms in the intestines of horses.
Böt'tle, n. A narrow-mouthed vessel for liquor. — **v. t.** To put into bottles.
Böt'tom, n. The lowest part; the ground under water; foundation; a valley; dregs; a ship. [bottom.
Böt'tom-less, a. Without a
Böt'tom-ry, n. The act of borrowing money on a ship.
Bou'doir (bü'dwör), n. A small private apartment.
Bough (bou), n. A branch.
Bought (bawt), imp. & p. p. of Buy. Purchased.
Bounce, v. i. To leap; to spring. — **n.** A leap; sudden noise; a boast.
Bound, v. t. To limit; to restrain; to inclose. — **v. i.** To spring; to jump. — **a.**

sön, ör, dñ, wölf, töb, töök; örn, rye, pull; ç, é, soft; e, ü, hard; a; exist; n as ng; this.

Destined; going to. — *n.* A barrier; limit; leap.
Bound'a-ry, n. A limit; mark; barrier.
Bound'en, a. Required; necessary. [without bound.
Bound'less, a. Unlimited;
Boun'te-ous, a. Liberal; kind; bountiful.
Boun'ti-ful (13, 17), a. Liberal; generous.
Boun'ty, n. Liberality in giving; generosity; munificence; a premium.
Bou-quet' (b.ō-ka'), n. A bunch of flowers; a nosegay.
Bour'geois' (bur-jois'), n. A kind of printing type.
 **Bourgeois type.**
Bourn, n. A bound; limit.
Bourse, n. A French Exchange.
Bout, n. A turn; trial; essay.
Bo've, a. Relating to cattle.
Bow (bou), v. To bend down. — *n.* Act of reverence or respect; rounding part of a ship's side forward.
Bow, n. An instrument to shoot arrows; any thing curved. [bowels of.
Bow'el, v. t. To take out the
Bow'els, n. pl. The intestines; entrails.
Bow'er, n. An arbor; anchor at the bow.
Bow'er-y, a. Full of bowers; shady.
Bow'ie-knife (bō'e-nif), n. A long knife or dagger.
Bowl, n. A deep vessel; a round ball of wood. — *v. t.* To roll along as a bowl. — *v. i.* To play at bowls.
Bow'-legged, a. Having crooked legs. [of rock.
Bowl'der, n. A roundish mass
Bowl'line, n. A rope to hold a sail to the wind.
Bowl'ing-al'ley, n. A place to play at bowls.
Bowl'ing-green, n. A green for bowlers.
Bow'man (21), n. An archer.
Bow'sprit, n. A spar projecting from a ship's head.
Bow'string, n. A string for

a bow; a Turkish punishment. [ing window.
Bow'-win'dōw, n. A project-
Bōx, n. A tree; a wooden case; a blow on the ear; a plant; a driver's seat. — *v.* To put in a box; to strike.
Bōx'er, n. One who fights with the fists; a pugilist.
Boy, n. A male child; a lad.
Boy'hōod, n. State of a boy.
Boy'ish, a. Pertaining to, or like, a boy.
Brāce, n. That which holds or binds; a bandage; a strap; a piece of timber; a pair. — *v. t.* To bind; to tie; to tighten; to furnish with braces.
Brāce'let, n. An ornament for the wrist.
Bra-chy'g-ra-phy, n. Short-hand writing.
Brāck'et, n. A small support of wood; (*pl.*) hooks, thus [], for inclosing words.
Brāck'ish, a. Saltish; salt.
Brāet, n. A small leaf or set of leaves. [out a head.
Brād, n. A slender nail with-
Brāg (7), v. t. To boast; to swagger; to vaunt. — *n.* A boast; a game at cards.
Brāg'a-dō'-ci-o (-shi-o), n. A vain boaster.
Brāg'gart, n. A boaster; a vain fellow. — *a.* Boastful.
Brāh'min, n. A Hindoo priest.
Brāid (8), v. t. To weave or plait, as several strands to form one. — *n.* Something braided; a sort of lace.
Brāin, n. Soft substance within the skull, which is the seat of sensation and intellect; the understanding; fancy. — *v. t.* To beat out the brains of.
Brāin'-pān, n. The skull.
Brāke, old imp. of Break. — *n.* Instrument for dressing flax; a contrivance for stopping wheels; a fern.
Brāke'man (21), n. One who manages the brake on railway carriages. [shrub.
Brām'ble, n. A prickly

Brān, n. Outer coats of grain separated from the flour.
Branch, n. A limb; a bough; a shoot; offspring. — *v.* To divide into branches.
Branch'let, n. A little branch. [es.
Branch'y, a. Full of branch-
Brānd, v. t. To burn with a hot iron; to stigmatize. — *n.* A burnt piece of wood; an iron to burn the figure of letters; the mark burnt; a stigma; a sword.
Brān'dish, v. t. To wave; to flourish, as a weapon. — *n.* A flourish. [new.
Brān'd-new, a. Perfectly
Brān'dy, n. A spirit distilled from wine, cider, or fruit.
Brān'gle (brāng'gi), n. A brawl. — *v. i.* To wrangle.
Brā'stier (brā'zhur), n. One who works in brass; a pan for holding coals.
Brass, n. A yellow alloy of copper and zinc; impudence.
Brass'y, a. Made of brass.
Brāt, n. A child; — in contempt.
Bra-vā'do, n. An arrogant threat; a boasting fellow.
Brāve, a. Fearless of danger. — *SYN.* Courageous; gallant; valiant; bold; intrepid. — *n.* An Indian warrior. — *v. t.* To encounter with firmness; to defy. [ism.
Brāw'er-y, n. Courage; hero-
Brā'vo, n. A daring villain.
Brā'vo, interj. Well done!
Brawl, v. i. To make a great noise; to quarrel noisily. — *n.* A quarrel; squabble.
Brawl'er, n. A wrangler; a noisy fellow.
Brawn, n. A boar's flesh; the arm.
Brawn'y, a. Having large, strong muscles; muscular.
Brāy, v. t. To beat in a mortar. — *v. i.* To make a harsh noise like an ass. — *n.* Cry of an ass. [der with brass.
Brāze, v. t. To cover or sol-
Brā'zen (brā'zn), a. Made of brass; bold. — *v. i.* To be impudent.

ā, e, i, ō, ū, ſ, long; ä, ē, ī, ū, ſ, short; cāre, cār, āsk, all, what; ēre, veil, tērm; pique, firm;

Brä'zen-fäced (brä'zn-fäst),
a. Impudent; bold.

Brä'zier (brä'zhur), n. See *Brasier*.

Brä'ch, n. A gap; quarrel.
Brä'ch'y, a. Apt to break fences; unruly.

Bréad, n. Food made of flour; support of life.

Bréadth, n. Width; measure from side to side.

Bréak, v. t. [*imp.* **BROKE**; *p. p.* **BROKE, BROKEN**.] To part or open by force; to rend; to crush; to tame; to make bankrupt; to remove from office. — *v. i.* To part in two; to burst; to become a bankrupt. — *n.* An opening; breach; pause; failure. [things broken.]

Bréak'age, n. Allowance for **Bréak'er, n.** One who breaks; a rock on which waves break; the wave so broken.
Bréak'fast, n. The first meal in the day. — *v. i.* To eat breakfast.

Bréak'neck, n. A precipitous or steep place.

Bréak'wa-ter, n. A wall to break the force of the waves.

Bréam, v. t. To cleanse, as a ship's bottom. — *n.* A fish.

Bréast, n. Part of the body. — *v. t.* To meet in front.

Bréast'-bone, n. Bone of the breast.

Bréast'pin, n. A pin to wear on the breast.

Bréast'-plate, n. Armor for the breast.

Bréast'work (-wörk), *n.* A low parapet for defense.

Bréath, n. Air respired; life; breeze.

Bréathe, v. i. To respire; to live; to utter softly. — *v. t.* To exhale.

Bréath'ing, n. Respiration; aspiration; vent.

Bréath'less, a. Out of breath.

Bréd, imp. & p. p. of Breed.

Breach, n. The lower part of the body. — *v. t.* To put into breeches.

Breach'es (brich'ez), *n.* A lower garment worn by men.

Breach'ing (brich'ing), *n.* Hinder part of a harness.

Breed, v. t. [*imp.* & *p. p.* **BRED**.] To give birth to; to generate; to hatch; to bring up; to educate. — *v. i.* To be with young. — *n.* Offspring; progeny.

Breed'ing, n. Education; nurture; manners.


Breeze, n. A gentle wind.

Bréth'ren (23), *n., pl. of Brother.*

Bre-vét', n. A commission which entitles an officer to rank above his pay.

Bré'vi-a-ry, n. Prayer-book of the Roman Catholic church. [ing type.]

Bre-vier', n. A small print-

 **Brevier type.**

Brév'i-ty, n. Conciseness.

Brew (brý), *v. i.* To make beer. — *v. t.* To mingle; to contrive. [brews.]

Brew'er (brý'-), *n.* One who brews.
Brew'er-y (brý'-), *n.* A house for brewing.

Brew'-house (brý'-), *n.* A brewery.

Brew'is (brý'is), *n.* Bread soaked in gravy or in water and butter.

Bribe, n. A gift to corrupt the conduct. — *v. t.* To corrupt by gifts.

Brib'er-y, n. The giving or receiving of bribes.

Brick, n. A mass of burnt clay. — *v. t.* To lay with bricks.

Brick'bát, n. A broken brick.

Brick'-kiln (-kíl), *n.* A kiln for burning brick. [mason.]

Brick'-lāy'er, n. A brick-

Brick'-māk'er, n. One who makes brick.

Brid'al (il), *a.* Belonging to marriage. — *n.* A wedding.

Bride, n. A woman newly married, or one about to be married.

Bride'-cake, n. Cake distributed at a wedding.

Bride'groom, n. A man newly married, or one about to be married.

Bride'māid, n. A woman who attends the bride.

Bride'man, n. A man who attends the bride and bridegroom. [correction.]

Bridge'well, n. A house of

Bridge, n. A structure to pass over water on; a support. — *v. t.* To form a bridge over.

Brid'le, n. An instrument to restrain or govern a horse. — *v. t.* To put a bridle on; to restrain. — *v. i.* To hold up the head.

Brief, a. Short; concise. — *n.* An epitome, or short writing; an abstract.

Brí'er, n. A prickly shrub; a bramble.

Brig, n. A vessel with two masts square rigged.

Brig'ade', n. A division of troops. — *v. t.* To form into brigades.

Brig'a-diér', n. An officer commanding a brigade.

Brig'and, n. One of a band of robbers.

Brig'an-tine, n. A kind of small brig.

Bright (brit), *a.* Shining; clear; promising.

Bright'en (brit'n), *v. t. or i.* To make or become bright.

Bright'ness (brit'-), *n.* Luster; splendor; acuteness.

Brill'ian-gy, n. Sparkling luster.

Brill'iant, a. Shining. — *n.* A diamond cut into angles.

Brim, n. Edge; upper edge; side; bank. — *v. i.* To be filled to the brim. [brim.]

Brim'ful, a. Full to the brim.

Brim'ming (7), *a.* Full to the brim. [sulphur.]

Brim'stone, n. A mineral.

Brin'ded, a. Streaked; brin'dled, spotted.

Brine, n. Water impregnated with salt; the ocean.

Bring, v. t. [*imp.* & *p. p.* **BROUGHT**.] To convey or carry to; to fetch from.

Brin'y, a. Consisting of brine.



Brig.

Brink, *n.* The edge of a steep place.

Brisk, *a.* Quick; full of life.

Brisk'et, *n.* The breast of an animal.

Bris'tle (brís'tl), *n.* A stiff, coarse hair, as of swine. — *v. t.* To raise the bristles.

Bris'tly (brís'tl), *adv.* Set thick with bristles.

Bri-tán'ti-á, *n.* A metallic compound. [Britain.]

Brit'ish, *a.* Pertaining to Brit'on, *n.* A native of Britain. [fragile.]

Brit'tle, *a.* Apt to break;

Bróach, *n.* A spit. — *v. t.*

To tap; to let out.

Broad (brawd), *a.* Extended from side to side; wide. — *SYN.* Ample; comprehensive; large.

Broad'-áx, { *n.* An ax to
Broad'-áxe, } hew timber.

Broad'-eást, *n.* A scattering of seed with the hand.

Broad'-elóth, *n.* A fine woolen cloth. [grow broad.]

Broad'en, *v.* To make or

Broad'side, *n.* A discharge of all the guns on one side of a ship.

Broad'-söörd (söörd), *n.* A broad-bladed sword.

Bro-eáde', *n.* Silk stuff variegated with gold and silver.

Bröc'-eo-li (18), *n.* A species of cabbage. [thick shoe.]

Brö'gan, or **Bro-gán'**, *n.*

Brögue, *n.* A corrupt dialect or pronunciation.

Broll, *n.* A tumult; quarrel. — *v. t. or i.* To dress over coals; to be in a heat.

Bröke, *imp. of Break.*

Brö'ken (brö'kn), *p. p. or a. of Break.*

Brö'ken-heärt'ed, *a.* Having the spirits crushed.

Brö'ker, *n.* An agent who transacts business on commission. [of a broker.]

Brö'ker-áge, *n.* Commission

Brön'-chi-al, *a.* Relating to the throat. [fection.]

Brön'-chítis, *n.* A throat af-

Brönze, *n.* A compound of

copper and tin. — *v. t.* To color or harden like bronze.

Bröoch (bröch), *n.* A jewel.

Brööd, *n.* Offspring; progeny. — *v. t.* To sit on eggs; to cover chickens.

Bröök, *n.* A natural stream less than a river. — *v. t.* To bear; to endure.

Brööm, *n.* A shrub; an instrument to sweep with.

Brööm'stick, *n.* The staff or handle of a broom.

Bröth, *n.* Liquor in which flesh has been boiled. [fame.]

Bröth'el, *n.* A house of ill-

Bröth'er, *n.* A male born of the same parents; an associate; a companion.

Bröth'er-hööd, *n.* State of being a brother; fraternity.

Bröth'er-ly, *a.* Like a brother. [p. of Bring.]

Brought (brawt), *imp. & p.*

Brow, *n.* The forehead; the hairy ridge over the eye; the edge. [down.]

Brow'beat, *v. t.* To beat

Brow-beát'ing, *n.* Act of beating down or intimidating.

Brown, *a.* Dusky, inclining to red. — *n.* A dusky reddish color. — *v. t.* To make brown.

Brown'ish, *a.* Inclined to brown.

Brown'-stüd'y, *a.* Dull thoughtfulness; reverie.

Browse (brouz), *v. t.* To feed on the shoots of shrubs.

Browse (brouss), *n.* Twigs of

Bru'in, *n.* A bear. [shrubs.]

Bruise, *v. t.* To hurt with blows. — *n.* A contusion.

Bruis'er, *n.* A boxer.

Brüt, *n.* Report; rumor. — *v. t.* To report.

Bru-nétte', *n.* A woman of a dark or brown complexion.

Brünt, *n.* A shock; attack; onset; violence.

Brüsh, *n.* A hairy instrument; a pencil; brisk attack; a thicket. — *v. t.* To rub or sweep with a brush. — *v. i.*

To move in haste.

Brüsh'-wööd, *n.* Underwood.

Brüsh'y, *a.* Like a brush; shaggy.

Bru'tal (11), *a.* Savage; cruel.

Bru-tál'i-ty, *n.* Savageness.

Bru'tal-ize, *v.* To make or become brutal.

Bru'te, *n.* An irrational animal. — *a.* Senseless; savage.

Bru'ti-fy, *v. t.* To make brutish or unfeeling.


Bru'tish, *a.* Bestial; savage.

Büb'ble, *n.* A small bladder of water; a false show; empty project. — *v. i.* To rise in bubbles. [like bubbles.]

Büb'bly, *a.* Full of bubbles;

Büe'-ea-neer', *n.* A piratical adventurer.

Bück, *n.* Male of rabbits, deer, &c.; a dandy;

lye. — *v. t.* To steep clothes in.  **Buck**.

lye.

Bück'et, *n.* A vessel to draw or carry water in.

Bück'ish, *a.* Pertaining to a gay fellow; foppish.

Bück'le (bük'l), *n.* An instrument for fastening straps. — *v. t.* To fasten with a buckle; to apply. — *v. i.* To join in battle.

Bück'ler, *n.* A shield.

Bück'ram, *n.* A coarse linen cloth stiffened with glue.

Bück'skin, *n.* The leather from a buck.

Bück'thörn, *n.* A plant bearing a black berry.

Bück'wheat, *n.* A plant, whose seed is used as a grain.

Bu-cöl'ie, *a.* Relating to shepherds; pastoral. — *n.* A pastoral poem.

Büd, *n.* First shoot of a plant. — *v. i.* To put forth buds. — *v. t.* To inculcate, as a tree.

Büdge, *v. i.* To stir; to go; to move. — *a.* Stiff; rigid; pompous; surly.

Büdg'et, *n.* A bag; pouch; stock; a statement respecting finances.

Buff, *n.* A leather dressed with oil; a color between light pink and light yellow.

Būf'fa-lo, *n.* (*pl.*

Būf'fa-lōes,
18.) A kind of
wild ox.



Būf'fet (8), *v. t. i.*

To box; to
beat; to strike

Buffalo.

with the fist. — *n.* A blow
with the fist. [mountebank.

Būf'fōon', *n.* A clown; a

Būf'fōon'er-y, *n.* Low jests.

Būg, *n.* A generic term for
various insects. [ject.

Būg'beär, *n.* A frightful ob-
Būg'gy, *a.* Full of or having
bugs. — *n.* A light four-
wheeled carriage.

Bū'gle, } *n.* A military
Bū'gle-hörn, } instrument
of music.

Būhl (bül), *n.* Metallic fig-
ures inlaid in dark wood or
tortoise-shell.

Bühr'stöne (būr'-), *n.* A spe-
cies of quartz, used for mil-
lstones.

Build (būld), *v. t. or i.* [*imp.*
& *p. p.* BUILT, BUILT.]
To raise a structure; to con-
struct; to erect.

Build'ing, *n.* An edifice.

Built, *imp. & p. p.* of Build.

Būlb, *n.* A round root.

Būlb'ōūs, *a.* Having round
roots or heads; protuberant.

Būlge, *n.* A protuberance. —
v. t. i. To swell in the middle.

Būlk, *n.* Size; substance in
general; quantity; main
part.

Būlk'hēad, *n.* A partition
in a ship.

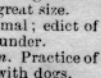
Būlk'i-ness, *n.* Largeness.

Būlk'y, *a.* Of great size.

Bull, *n.* An animal; edict of
the pope; a blunder.

Bull'-bait'ing, *n.* Practice of
exciting bulls with dogs.

Bull'-dōg, *n.* A kind of large
dog.



Bull'let, *n.* A
ball for a gun.

Bull'le-tin, *n.* Bull-dog.
Official report or notice.

Bull'-fight (-fit), *n.* A fight
with a bull. [bird.

Bull'-finch, *a.* A singing

Bull'-frōg, *n.* A large species
of frog. [or gold.

Bull'ion, *n.* Uncoined silver

Bull'ock, *n.* A young bull;
an ox.

Bull'y, *n.* A quarrelsome fel-
low. — *v. t. i.* To threaten with
noisy menaces. [in water.

Bull'rush, *n.* A rush growing

Bull'wark, *n.* A fortification;
shelter; sides of a ship above
the upper deck. [large bee.

Būm'ble-bee, *n.* A kind of
Būmp, *n.* A swelling; a blow.

— *v. t. i.* To make a loud
noise. — *v. t. i.* To thump; to
strike. [to the brim.

Būm'per, *n.* A glass filled

Būmp'kin, *n.* An awkward
person; a clown; a rustic.

Būn (3), *n.* A small cake,
Būnn } or sweet bread.

Būn } *n.* A cluster; a hard
lump. — *v. t. i.* To grow in
clusters.

Būnch'y, *a.* Full of bunches.

Būn'dle, *n.* A number of
things bound together. — *v. t. i.*
To tie together. [rel.

Būng, *n.* A stopper for a bar-

Būng'-hole, *n.* A hole in a
barrel

Būn'gle, *v. t. i.* To do clumsily.

Būn'gler, *n.* A clumsy
workman.

Būn'gling, *a.* Very clumsy.

Būn'ion (būn'yūn), *n.* An ex-
cessence on the toe.

Būnk, *n.* A case of boards for
a bed. [cloth.

Būnt'ing, *n.* A thin woolen

Buoy (bwōy or bwōy), *n.*
A piece of wood or cork
floating on the water, to in-
dicate shoals, rocks, &c., or to
bear a cable. — *v. t. or i.*
To keep afloat; to sustain.

Buoy'an-gy (bwōy'- or
bwōy'-), *n.* The quality of
floating; specific lightness.

Buoy'ant (bwōy'- or
bwōy'-), *a.* Floating; light.

Būr (3), *n.* The prickly
Būr } head of a plant.

Būr'den (būr'dn), *n.* That
which is borne; a load. —
v. t. i. To load; to oppress.

Būr'den-sōme, *a.* Grievous

to be borne; ponderous; op-
pressive. [that bears bur.

Būr'dōck, *n.* A wild plant

Būr'reau (būr'ro, 18), *n.* A chest
of drawers for papers or
clothes; office. [city.

Būr'gess, *n.* A freeman of a
burgh'er (būr'ger), *n.* A
freeman of a borough.

Būr'glar, *n.* One who breaks
into a house by night.

Bur-glā'ri-ōūs, *a.* Consisting
in burglary.

Būr'glar-y, *n.* The crime of
house-breaking by night,
with intent to steal.

Būrg'o-mās'ter, *n.* A city
magistrate. [Burgundy.

Būr'gun-dy, *n.* Wine made in

Bū'ri-al (būr'i-al), *n.* Act of
burying; a funeral.

Būr'in, *n.* A graving tool.

Bur-lē'sque' (-lēsk'), *a.* Tend-
ing to excite laughter; ludi-
crous. — *n.* A ludicrous rep-
resentation. — *v. t. i.* To make
ludicrous; to turn to ridi-
cule.

Būr'ly, *a.* Great in size; bois-
terous.

Būrn, *v. t. or i.* [*imp. & p. p.*
BURNED, BURN.] To con-
sume by fire; to scorch; to
be on fire. — *n.* A hurt
caused by fire.

Būrn'er, *n.* One who sets on
fire; appendage to a lamp.

Būrn'ing, *n.* Combustion;
heat. — *a.* Flaming; vehe-
ment.

Būrn'ing-glāss, *n.* A con-
vex lens for conveying the
sun's rays to a focus.

Būr'nish, *v. t. i.* To polish; to
brighten. — *n.* A gloss.

Būrn't, *imp. & p. p.* of Burn.

Būr'tōw, *n.* A lodge in the
earth for rabbits, &c. — *v. t. i.*
To lodge in the earth.

Būr'sar, *n.* The treasurer of
a college; a charity student.

Būr'sar-y, *n.* A treasury.

Būr'st, *v. t. i.* [*imp. & p. p.*
BURST.] To break or fly
open. — *n.* A sudden rent.

Būr'then. See Burden.

Būr'y (būr'y), *v. t. i.* To inter
in a grave; to conceal.

Bush, *n.* A shrub; a bough.
Bush'el, *n.* A dry measure of eight gallons, or four pecks.
Bush'y, *a.* Full of bushes; thick, as hair.
Bush'ly (*biz/i-ly*), *adv.* With constant occupation.
Bush'iness (*biz/nes*), *n.* Employment; trade; occupation.
Busk, *n.* A piece of steel or whalebone worn in corsets.
Busk'in, *n.* A half boot.
Busk'ined, *a.* Wearing buskins. [kiss].
Büss, *n.* A kiss. — *v. t.* To kiss.
Büst, *n.* A statue of the head and shoulders.
Büs'tard, *n.* A bird of the ostrich family.
Büs'tle (*büs/!*), *v. i.* To be busy. — *n.* A tumult; hurry; commotion.
Büs'y (*biz/y*), *a.* Employed with earnestness; officious. — *v. t.* To employ.
Büs'y-böd'y (*biz/y-*), *n.* A meddling, officious person.
Büt, *prep.* Except; unless. — *conj.* More; further. — *n.* End; limit; bound. — *v. t.* To be bounded; to touch with the end.
Butch'er, *n.* One who kills animals to sell. — *v. t.* To slay inhumanly.
Butch'er-ly, *a.* Barbarous; cruel; bloody.

Butch'er-y, *n.* The slaughter of cattle for market; cruel murder.
Büt'-end, *n.* Thicker end of a thing.
Büt'ler, *n.* A servant who has the care of liquors.
Büt'ment, *n.* A buttress.
Bütt, *n.* A mark to shoot at; a cask; end; limit; one who is ridiculed. — *v. i.* To strike with the head.
Büt'ter, *n.* An oily substance from cream. — *v. t.* To spread with butter.
Büt'ter-cüp, *n.* A plant with bright yellow flowers; crow-foot.
Büt'ter-flý, *n.* A genus of insects.
Büt'ter-milk, *n.* Milk remaining after the butter is separated.
Büt'ter-nút, *n.* A tree and its oily fruit.
Büt'ter-y, *n.* A room where provisions are kept. — *a.* Resembling butter.
Büt'tock, *n.* Protuberant part of the body behind; rump.
Büt'ton (*büt/tn*), *n.* A knob or catch for fastening clothes. — *v. t.* To fasten with buttons.
Büt'ton-höle, *n.* A hole for a button; to detain in conversation to weariness; to bore.

Büt'tress, *n.* A projecting support to the outside of a wall.
Büz'om, *a.* Lively; brisk; jolly; frolicsome.
Büy (*bi*), *v. t.* [imp. & p. p. BOUGHT (bawt).] To purchase.



Büz'er, *n.* A purchaser.
Büz'z (*3*), *n.* A humming sound, as of bees. — *v. i.* To make a low humming sound, like bees. — *v. t.* To whisper; to spread by whispers.
Büz'zard, *n.* A species of hawk.
Bý, *prep.* Near; close to; from one to the other side of; with; through means of; in presence. — *By and by*, presently; pretty soon.
Bý'-end, *n.* Private interest.
Bý'-law, *n.* A private law or regulation.
Bý'-ständ'er, *n.* A looker on; a spectator.
Bý'-wáy, *n.* A private or secluded way.
Bý'-word (*-wúrd*), *n.* A common saying; a proverb.
By-zán'tine, or **Býz'an-tine**, *a.* Pertaining to Byzantium.

C.

CÁB, *n.* A kind of covered carriage.
Ca-bál', *n.* A number of persons united to effect some private purpose: a junto. — *v. i.* (7) To intrigue privately.
Cáb'a-lá, *n.* Jewish traditions.
Cáb'a-list, *n.* One skilled in Jewish traditions.
Cáb'a-list'ic, *a.* Pertaining

to the mysteries of Jewish traditions; secret; occult.
Cáb'bage, *v. i.* To steal pieces of, in cutting cloths. — *n.* A garden plant.
Cáb'in, *n.* An apartment in a ship; a hut. — *v. i.* To live in a cabin. — *v. t.* To confine in a cabin.
Cáb'i-net, *n.* A set of drawers; closet; a council of state.

Cáb'i-net-māk'er, *n.* A maker of fine furniture.
Cáb'ble, *n.* A strong rope or chain to hold a vessel at anchor. [of a ship].
Ca-bóose', *n.* A cook room.
Ca-ca'ó, *n.* The chocolate tree.
Cäck'le, *v. i.* To make the noise of a hen; to giggle; to prattle. — *n.* Noise of a hen or goose.